**WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:**

1. A method for indicating a resource, performed by a base station, the method comprising:

configuring a first Control Resource Set Zero (CORESET#0) on a first time-frequency resource, and configuring a second CORESET#0 on a second time-frequency resource, in response to allowing a first terminal supporting a bandwidth greater than or equal to a preset bandwidth to access and allowing a second terminal supporting a bandwidth less than the preset bandwidth to access; and

broadcasting a first index, to indicate a first time domain resource to the first terminal and to indicate the second time-frequency resource to the second terminal.

2. The method of claim 1, further comprising:

configuring the first CORESET#0 on the first time-frequency resource, in response to allowing the first terminal supporting the bandwidth greater than or equal to the preset bandwidth to access and not allowing the second terminal supporting the bandwidth less than the preset bandwidth to access; and

broadcasting a second index, to indicate the first time domain resource to the first terminal.

3. The method of claim 2, further comprising:

allowing the first terminal supporting the bandwidth greater than or equal to the preset bandwidth to access and allowing the second terminal supporting the bandwidth less than the preset bandwidth to access, or allowing the first terminal supporting the bandwidth greater than or equal to the preset bandwidth to access and not allowing the second terminal supporting the bandwidth less than the preset bandwidth to access, based on a received setting command.

4. A method for determining a resource, performed by a terminal, the method comprising:

receiving a Master Information Block (MIB) broadcasted by a base station, and determining a frequency domain resource index based on the MIB, wherein the MIB is used for indicating a first time-frequency resource to a first terminal supporting a bandwidth greater than or equal to a preset bandwidth and a second time-frequency resource to a second terminal supporting a bandwidth less than the preset bandwidth;

determining first frequency domain resource information associated with the frequency domain resource index based on a first correlation relationship and determining a first frequency domain resource of a first Control Resource Set Zero (CORESET#0) based on the first frequency domain resource information, in response to a bandwidth supported by the terminal being less than a preset bandwidth, wherein a bandwidth corresponding to the first frequency domain resource information is less than the preset bandwidth; and

determining second frequency domain resource information associated with the frequency domain resource index based on a second correlation relationship and determining a second frequency domain resource of a second CORESET#0 based on the second frequency domain resource information, in response to the bandwidth supported by the terminal being greater than or equal to the preset bandwidth, wherein a bandwidth corresponding to the second frequency domain resource information is less than, or equal to, or greater than the preset bandwidth.

5. The method of claim 4, wherein target frequency domain information whose bandwidth is less than the present bandwidth in the second frequency domain resource information is the same as first target information associated with a target index corresponding to the target frequency domain information in the first frequency domain resource information.

6. The method of claim 4, wherein the first correlation relationship and/or the second correlation relationship is a table.

7. The method of claim 4, wherein

the terminal stores the first correlation relationship in advance in response to the bandwidth supported by the terminal being less than the preset bandwidth, and/or

the terminal stores the second correlation relationship in advance in response to the bandwidth supported by the terminal being greater than or equal to the preset bandwidth.

8. The method of any one of claims 4 to 7, further comprising:

determining a time domain resource index based on the MIB;

determining first time domain resource information associated with the time domain resource index based on a third correlation relationship and determining a first time domain resource of the first CORESET#0 based on the first time domain resource information, in response to the bandwidth supported by the terminal being less than the preset bandwidth; and

determining second time domain resource information associated with the time domain resource index based on a fourth correlation relationship and determining a second time domain resource of the second CORESET#0 based on the second time domain resource information, in response to the bandwidth supported by the terminal being greater than the preset bandwidth.

9. The method of claim 8, wherein, the third correlation relationship and/or the fourth correlation relationship is a table.

10. The method of claim 8, wherein, the terminal stores the third correlation relationship in advance, and/or the terminal stores the fourth correlation relationship in advance.

11. An apparatus for indicating a resource, applicable to a base station, the apparatus comprising:

a first configuring module, configured to configure a first Control Resource Set Zero

(CORESET#0) on a first time-frequency resource and configure a second CORESET#0 on a second time-frequency resource, in response to allowing a first terminal supporting a bandwidth greater than or equal to a preset bandwidth to access and allowing a second terminal supporting a bandwidth less than the preset bandwidth to access; and

a first broadcasting module, configured to broadcast a first index, to indicate a first time domain resource to the first terminal and to indicate the second time-frequency resource to the second terminal.

12. The apparatus of claim 1, further comprising:

a second configuring module, configured to configure the first CORESET#0 on the first time-frequency resource, in response to allowing the first terminal supporting the bandwidth greater than or equal to the preset bandwidth to access and not allowing the second terminal supporting the bandwidth less than the preset bandwidth to access; and

a second broadcasting module, configured to broadcast a second index, to indicate the first time domain resource to the first terminal.

13. The apparatus of claim 12, further comprising:

a setting module, configured to allow the first terminal supporting the bandwidth greater than or equal to the preset bandwidth to access and allow the second terminal supporting the bandwidth less than the preset bandwidth to access, or allow the first terminal supporting the bandwidth greater than or equal to the preset bandwidth to access and not allow the second terminal supporting the bandwidth less than the preset bandwidth to access, based on a received setting command.

14. An apparatus for determining a resource, applicable to a terminal, the apparatus comprising:

a first index determining module, configured to receive a master information block (MIB) broadcasted by a base station, and determine a frequency domain resource index based on the MIB, wherein the MIB is used for indicating a first time-frequency resource to a first terminal supporting a bandwidth greater than or equal to a preset bandwidth and a second time-frequency resource to a second terminal supporting a bandwidth less than the preset bandwidth;

a first frequency domain determining module, configured to determine first frequency domain resource information associated with the frequency domain resource index based on a first correlation relationship and determine a first frequency domain resource of a first Control Resource Set Zero (CORESET#0) based on the first frequency domain resource information, in response to a bandwidth supported by the terminal being less than a preset bandwidth, wherein a bandwidth corresponding to the first frequency domain resource information is less than the preset

bandwidth; and

a second frequency domain determining module, configured to determine second frequency domain resource information associated with the frequency domain resource index based on a second correlation relationship and determine a second frequency domain resource of a second CORESET#0 based on the second frequency domain resource information, in response to a bandwidth supported by the terminal being greater than or equal to the preset bandwidth, wherein a bandwidth corresponding to the second frequency domain resource information is less than, or equal to, or greater than the preset bandwidth.

15. The apparatus of claim 14, wherein, target frequency domain information whose bandwidth is less than the preset bandwidth in the second frequency domain resource information is the same as first target information associated with a target index corresponding to the target frequency domain information in the first frequency domain resource information.

16. The apparatus of claim 14, wherein, the first correlation relationship and/or the second correlation relationship is a table.

17. The apparatus of claim 14, wherein, the terminal stores the first correlation relationship in advance in response to the bandwidth supported by the terminal being less than the preset bandwidth, and/or the terminal stores the second correlation relationship in advance in response to the bandwidth supported by the terminal being greater than or equal to the preset bandwidth.

18. The apparatus of any one of claims 14 to 17, further comprising:

a second index determining module, configured to determine a time domain resource index based on the MIB;

a first time domain determining module, configured to determine first time domain resource information associated with the time domain resource index based on a third correlation relationship and determine a first time domain resource of the first CORESET#0 based on the first time domain resource information, in response to the bandwidth supported by the terminal being less than the preset bandwidth; and

a second time domain determining module, configured to determine second time domain resource information associated with the time domain resource index based on a fourth correlation relationship and determine a second time domain resource of the second CORESET#0 based on the second time domain resource information, in response to the bandwidth supported by the terminal being greater than the preset bandwidth.

19. The apparatus of claim 8, wherein, the third correlation relationship and/or the fourth correlation relationship is a table.

20. The apparatus of claim 8, wherein, the terminal stores the third correlation relationship in

advance, and/or the terminal stores the fourth correlation relationship in advance.

21. An electronic device, comprising:

a processor; and

a memory configured to store instructions executable by the processor;

wherein, the processor is configured to implement the method of any one of claims 1 to 3, and/or the method of any one of claims 4 to 10.

22. A computer readable storage medium stored with a computer program, wherein the program is configured to implement the method of any one of claims 1 to 3 and/or the method of any one of claims 4 to 10 when executed by a processor.