

【DESCRIPTION】**【Invention Title】**

CONTAINER STOPPER HAVING MULTI-LOCK STRUCTURE

【Technical Field】

5 The present invention relates to a container stopper,
and more particularly, to a container stopper having a multi-
locking structure that is capable of preventing an upper
stopper part coupled to a lower stopper part from easily
opening from the lower stopper part due to shocks generated
10 during the distribution process or storage of a product or
due to other external forces.

【Background Art】

 Generally, liquids used for cooking in a kitchen, such
as a variety of oils and sources, and the like, are stored in
15 containers. An openable/closable stopper is coupled to an
inlet of the liquid container. Conventional container
stoppers have been disclosed in Korean Utility Model
Registration Nos.20-0445206 and 20-0425667.

 Referring to FIG.1, an example of the conventional
20 container stoppers will be in detail explained. The
conventional container stopper 1 includes a lower stopper
part 3 coupled to an inlet of a container and an upper
stopper part 5 for selectively opening and closing an opening
3b of the lower stopper part 3. The lower stopper part 3 and
25 the upper stopper part 5 are connected unitarily with each
other by means of a hinge band 4 so that the upper stopper
part 5 can perform the swing opening and closing manipulation,
without being lost. Further, the lower stopper part 3 has an
inlet and outlet hole 3a formed at the inside thereof in such
30 a manner as to have a smaller diameter than the inlet of the
container, and through the inlet and outlet hole 3a, an

appropriate amount of liquid can be discharged from the container.

In this case, a handle 5a is disposed on one side of the upper stopper part 5 to allow the opening and closing manipulation of the upper stopper part 5 to be easily carried out. Further, a sealing protrusion portion 6 is formed protrudingly from one surface of the upper stopper part 5 in such a manner as to be coupled to the inner circumferential surface of the opening 3b of the lower stopper part 3 to seal the inlet and outlet hole 3a of the lower stopper part 3. Furthermore, a locking projection 6a is formed protrudingly from the outer circumference surface of the sealing protrusion portion 6 in such a manner as to be locked correspondingly onto a stepped projection 3c formed on the outside edge of the opening 3b of the lower stopper part 3.

However, the conventional container stopper 1 has one coupling structure between the stepped projection 3c and the locking projection 6a so as to maintain the coupled state of the upper stopper part 5, and in this case, most of the locking portion of the upper stopper part 5 is located on the outside edge of the lower stopper part 3. In more detail, the shock applied from the outside is transmitted just to the locking portion of the upper stopper part 5.

Accordingly, undesirably, the upper stopper part 5 may open easily due to the shock generated during the distribution process or storage of the product or due to an external force not applied thereto such as incomplete capping, contamination caused by the content (oil, etc.), and the like.

In addition, the fixed force of the upper stopper part 5 to the lower stopper part 3 may become weakened due to the abrasion of the locking projection 6a caused while the upper

stopper part 5 is being repeatedly open and closed to use the content contained in the container.

【Disclosure】

【Technical Problem】

5 Accordingly, the present invention has been made in view of the above-mentioned problems occurring in the prior art, and it is an object of the present invention to provide a container stopper having a multi-locking structure that is capable of allowing the multi-locking structure to be applied
10 to the inner circumferential surface of an opening of a lower stopper part and to the outer circumferential surface of a sealing protrusion portion of an upper stopper part coupled to the opening of the lower stopper part, thereby preventing the upper stopper part from opening easily due to shocks
15 generated during the distribution process or storage of a product or due to other external forces.

【Technical Solution】

To accomplish the above-mentioned object, according to the present invention, there is provided a container stopper
20 having a multi-locking structure, including: a lower stopper part coupled to an inlet of a container; an upper stopper part having a sealing protrusion portion formed on one surface thereto in such a manner as to selectively open and close an opening formed inside the lower stopper part; and at
25 least two locking parts formed spaced apart from each other on the inner circumferential surface of the opening of the lower stopper part and on the outer circumferential surface of the sealing protrusion portion of the upper stopper part
120 coupled to the inner circumferential surface of the
30 opening.

According to the present invention, desirably, the locking parts includes: a first locking point formed on the

circumference of the end portion of the sealing protrusion portion; and a second locking point formed on the outside circumference edge of the opening.

According to the present invention, desirably, the first
5 locking point has a locking coupling structure in which a stepped projection is formed on the opening and a locking projection is formed on the sealing protrusion portion in such a manner as to be locked correspondingly onto the stepped projection.

10 According to the present invention, desirably, the locking projection includes: a slant surface slidably coming into contact with one side of the stepped projection upon the insertion of the sealing protrusion portion into the opening; and a locking surface lockingly coupled to the other side of
15 the stepped projection at the same time when the slant surface slides.

According to the present invention, desirably, the second locking point has a structure in which a protrusion protrudes from the sealing protrusion portion and a coupling
20 groove is formed on the opening in such a manner as to insert the protrusion thereinto.

According to the present invention, desirably, the protrusion and the coupling groove have any one of a semicircular section and a polygonal section such as
25 triangular, square, and trapezoidal sections.

【Advantageous Effects】

According to the present invention, the container stopper having a multi-locking structure according to the present invention is configured wherein the upper stopper
30 part coupled to the opening of the lower stopper part has a main locking position located inclinedly to the circumference of the front end of the sealing protrusion portion, thereby

preventing the upper stopper part from easily open due to the application of external shocks thereto, and further, the locking parts are located in such a manner as to have at least two locking points formed on the outer circumferential surface of the sealing protrusion portion, thereby improving the coupling strength of the upper stopper part.

【Description of Drawings】

FIG.1 is a perspective view showing a conventional container stopper.

10 FIG.2 is a side sectional view showing the closed state of an upper stopper part of FIG.1.

FIG.3 is a detailed sectional view showing a portion 'A' of FIG.2.

15 FIG.4 is a perspective view showing a container stopper having a multi-locking structure according to the present invention.

FIG.5 is a side sectional view showing the container stopper of FIG.4.

20 FIG.6 is a side sectional view showing the closed state of an upper stopper part of FIG.4.

FIG.7 is a detailed sectional view showing a portion 'B' of FIG.6.

【Mode for Invention】

25 Hereinafter, an explanation on the configuration and operation of a container stopper having a multi-locking structure according to the present invention will be in detail given with reference to the attached drawing.

30 In order to facilitate the general understanding of the present invention in describing the present invention, through the accompanying drawings, the same reference numerals will be used to describe the same components and an

overlapped description of the same components will be omitted.

FIG.4 is a perspective view showing a container stopper having a multi-locking structure according to the present invention, FIG.5 is a side sectional view showing the container stopper of FIG.4, and FIG.6 is a side sectional view showing the closed state of an upper stopper part of FIG.4.

Referring to FIGS.4 and 5, a container stopper 100 having a multi-locking structure according to the present invention includes a lower stopper part 110 coupled to an inlet 11 of a container 10, an upper stopper part 120 having a sealing protrusion portion 121 formed on one surface thereto in such a manner as to selectively open and close an opening 111 formed inside the lower stopper part 110, and at least two locking parts 130 formed spaced apart from each other in a direction in which the upper stopper part 120 is inserted into the lower stopper part 110 on the inner circumferential surface of the opening 111 of the lower stopper part 110 and on the outer circumferential surface of the sealing protrusion portion 121 of the upper stopper part 120 coupled to the inner circumferential surface of the opening 111.

Now, the configuration of the container stopper 100 having a multi-locking structure according to the present invention will be in detail explained.

First, the locking parts 130 serve to prevent the upper stopper part 120 from opening due to shocks generated during the distribution process or storage of the liquid container product or due to external forces not applied thereto.

Referring in detail to FIG.6, the locking parts 130 have a first locking point I formed on the circumference of the

end portion of the sealing protrusion portion 121 and a second locking point II formed on the outside circumference edge of the opening 111. That is, the locking parts 130 having the plurality of locking points I and II spaced apart from each other by a given distance in such a manner as to allow the entire portion of the outer circumferential surface of the sealing protrusion portion 121 to be fittedly coupled to the opening 111, thereby allowing the rigid coupling state of the upper stopper part 120 to the lower stopper part 110 to be maintained well.

According to the present invention, for example, the locking parts 130 has the two locking points I and II, but only if the rigid coupling state of the upper stopper part 120 can be maintained, of course, the locking parts 130 may have two or more locking points, that is, three or four locking points.

Referring to FIG.7, the first locking point I has a locking coupling structure in which a stepped projection 131 is formed on the inner circumferential surface of the opening 111 and a locking projection 133 is formed on the outer circumferential surface of the sealing protrusion portion 121 in such a manner as to correspond to the stepped projection 131.

In this case, the locking projection 133 includes a slant surface 133a slidably coming into contact with one side of the stepped projection 131 upon the insertion of the sealing protrusion portion 121 into the opening 111 and a locking surface 133b lockingly coupled to the other side of the stepped projection 131 at the same time when the slant surface 133a slides.

Further, the second locking point II has a structure in which a protrusion 135 is formed protrudingly from the outer

circumferential surface of the sealing protrusion portion 121 and a coupling groove 137 is formed on the inner circumferential surface of the opening 111 in such a manner as to insert the protrusion 135 thereinto.

5 In this case, the protrusion 135 and the coupling groove 137 have a semicircular section, but they may have any one of polygonal sections such as triangular, square, and trapezoidal sections. According to the present invention, for example, the protrusion 135 and the coupling groove 137
10 having the semicircular sectional shape will be discussed.

 In this case, the coupling structure between the locking projection 133 and the stepped projection 131 and the coupling structure between the protrusion 135 and the coupling groove 137, which have different locking
15 characteristics from each other, are combinedly applied to the container stopper 100 according to the present invention, so that when compared with the case wherein the plurality of locking parts 130 has only the coupling structure between the locking projection 133 and the stepped projection 131, it is
20 possible to maintain a more rigid coupling state.

 In more detail, the coupling structure between the locking projection 133 and the stepped projection 131 can achieve easy coupling, but it may have a relatively smaller coupling force than the coupling structure between the
25 protrusion 135 and the coupling groove 137. Contrarily, the coupling structure between the protrusion 135 and the coupling groove 137 can have a greater coupling force than the coupling structure between the locking projection 133 and the stepped projection 131, but it may have a relatively low
30 coupling convenience in inducing gentle coupling.

 Accordingly, the locking parts 130 do not have the two coupling structures having the same as each other, and as

mentioned above, that is, they adopt the different coupling structures from each other, thereby desirably improving both of the coupling force and the coupling convenience.

According to the present invention, for example, the
5 stepped projection 131 and the locking projection 133 are formed on the first locking point I, and the protrusion 135 and the coupling groove 137 are on the second locking point II, which is of course not limited thereto. That is, the protrusion 135 and the coupling groove 137 may be formed on
10 the first locking point I, and the stepped projection 131 and the locking projection 133 may be on the second locking point II.

A referent numeral '123' not explained yet denotes a hinge band, and a reference numeral '125' denotes a handle.

15 As described above, the container stopper 100 having a multi-locking structure according to the present invention is configured wherein the upper stopper part 120 coupled openably and closably to the opening 111 of the lower stopper part 110 has the main locking position located more
20 inclinedly on the circumference of the end portion of the sealing protrusion portion 121 (that is, on the circumference of the front end of the insertion direction of the sealing protrusion portion 121)) when compared with the conventional container stopper, so that even if an external shock is
25 applied to the upper stopper part 120, the upper stopper part 120 cannot open easily.

Particularly, the locking parts 130 are located in such a manner as to have at least two locking points formed on the outer circumferential surface of the sealing protrusion
30 portion 121 and on the inner circumferential surface of the opening 111, and further, the shapes and structures of the

locking parts 130 are different from each other to improve the coupling strength of the upper stopper part 120.

While the present invention has been described with reference to the particular illustrative embodiments, it is not to be restricted by the embodiments but only by the appended claims. It is to be appreciated that those skilled in the art can change or modify the embodiments without departing from the scope and spirit of the present invention.

[Explanations of Reference Numerals in the Drawing]

- 10 10: container
- 11: inlet
- 100: container stopper
- 110: lower stopper part
- 111: opening
- 15 120: upper stopper part
- 121: sealing protrusion portion
- 130: locking part
- 131: stepped projection
- 133: locking projection
- 20 133a: slant surface
- 133b: locking surface
- 135: protrusion
- 137: coupling groove
- I: first locking point
- 25 II: second locking point

【CLAIMS】**【Claim 1】**

A container stopper having a multi-locking structure,
comprising:

5 a lower stopper part 110 coupled to an inlet 11 of a
container 10;

 an upper stopper part 120 selectively opening and
closing an opening 111 formed inside the lower stopper part
110; and

10 at least two locking parts 130 formed spaced apart from
each other on the inner circumferential surface of the
opening 111 of the lower stopper part 110 and on the outer
circumferential surface of the sealing protrusion portion 121
of the upper stopper part 120 coupled to the inner
15 circumferential surface of the opening 111.

【Claim 2】

The container stopper according to claim 1, wherein the
locking parts 130 comprises:

 a first locking point I formed on the circumference of
20 the end portion of the sealing protrusion portion 121; and

 a second locking point II formed on the outside
circumference edge of the opening 111.

【Claim 3】

 The container stopper according to claim 2, wherein the
25 first locking point I has a locking coupling structure in
which a stepped projection 131 is formed on the opening 111
and a locking projection 133 is formed on the sealing
protrusion portion 121 in such a manner as to be locked
correspondingly onto the stepped projection 131.

30 **【Claim 4】**

 The container stopper according to claim 3, wherein the
locking projection 133 comprises:

a slant surface 133a slidably coming into contact with one side of the stepped projection 131 upon the insertion of the sealing protrusion portion 121 into the opening 111; and

5 a locking surface 133b lockingly coupled to the other side of the stepped projection 131 at the same time when the slant surface 133a slides.

【Claim 5】

The container stopper according to claim 2, wherein the second locking point II has a structure in which a protrusion
10 135 protrudes from the sealing protrusion portion 121 and a coupling groove 137 is formed on the opening 111 in such a manner as to insert the protrusion 135 thereinto.

【Claim 6】

The container stopper according to claim 5, wherein the
15 protrusion 135 and the coupling groove 137 have any one of a semicircular section and a polygonal section such as triangular, square, and trapezoidal sections.