

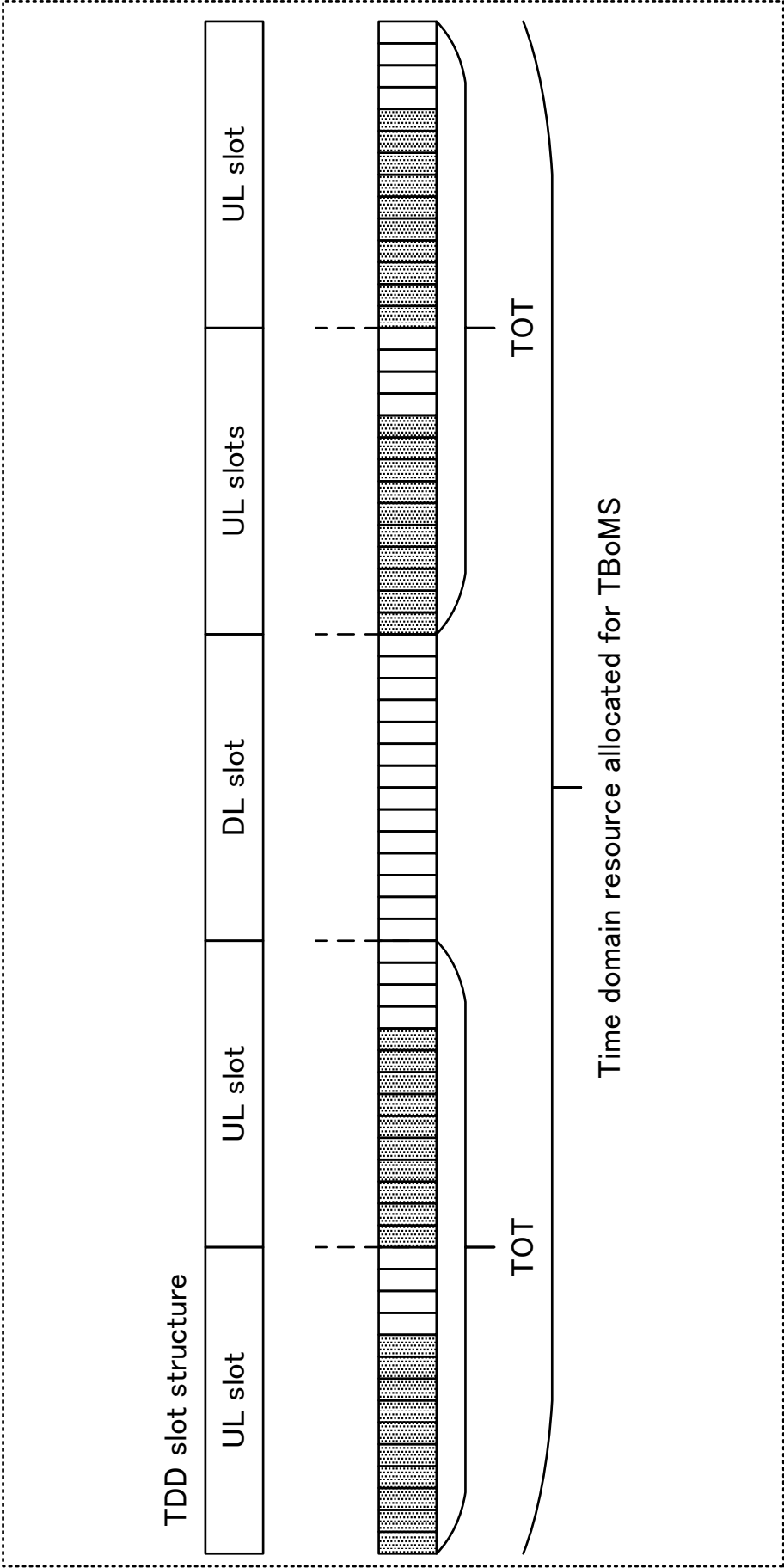


FIG. 1

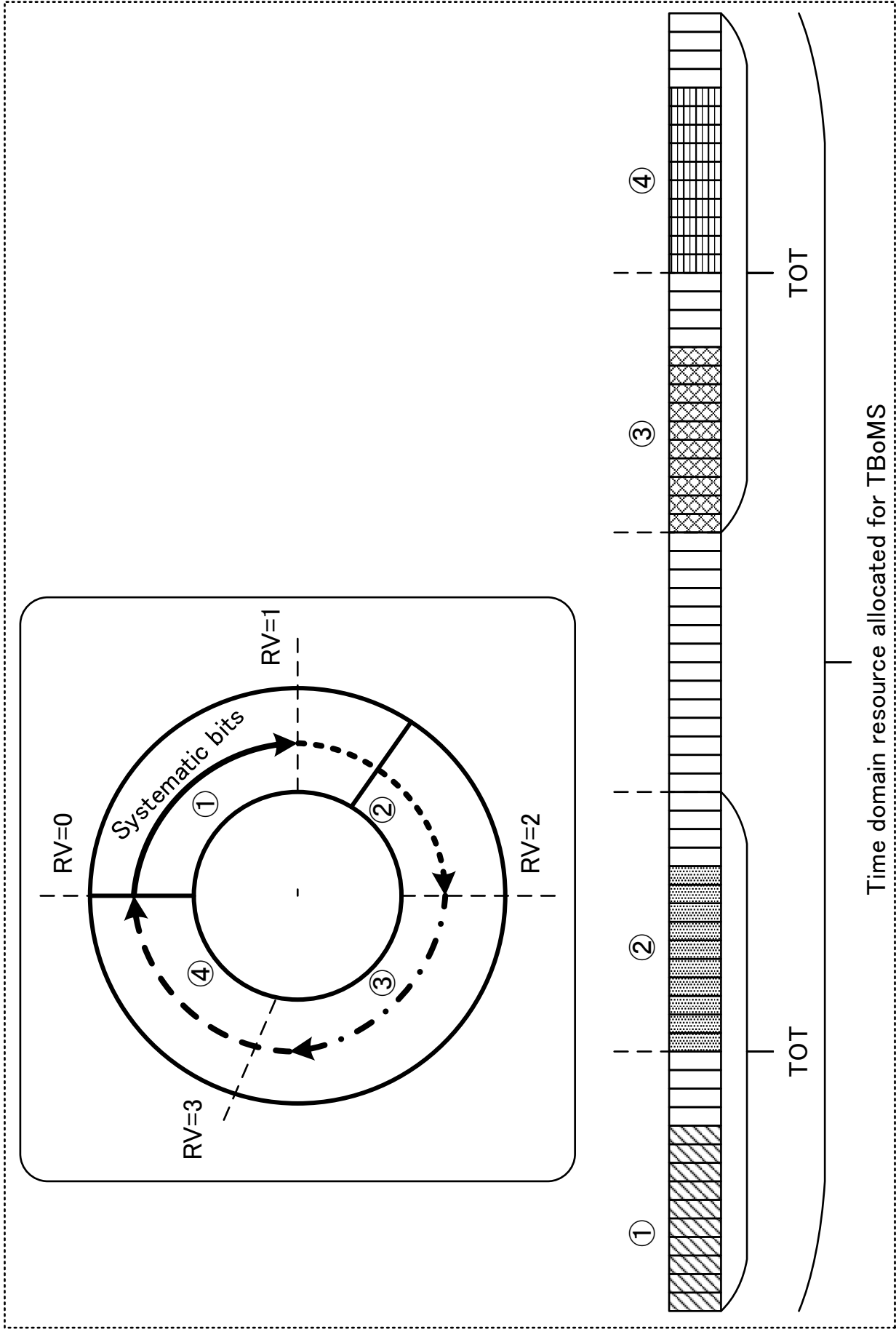


FIG. 2

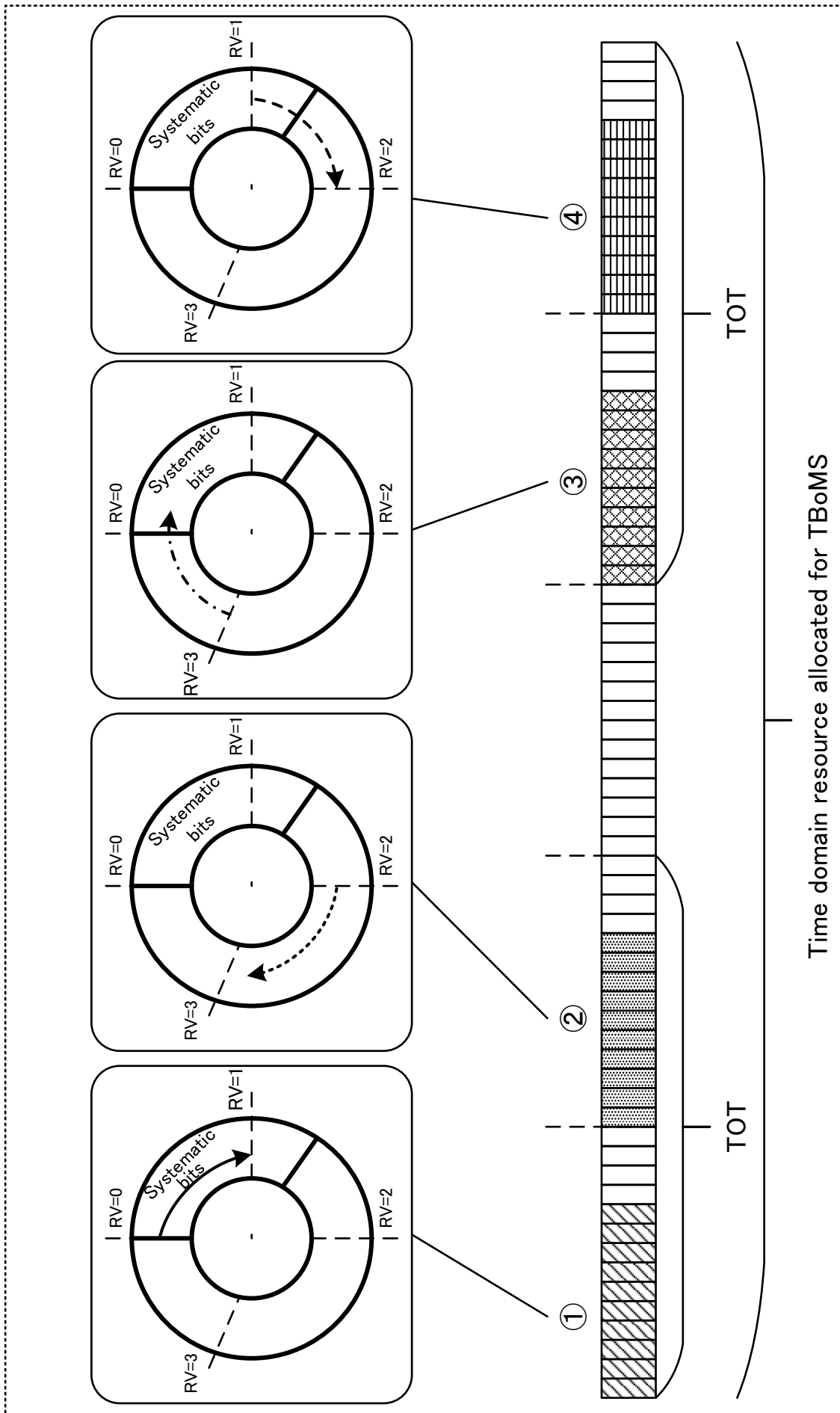


FIG. 3

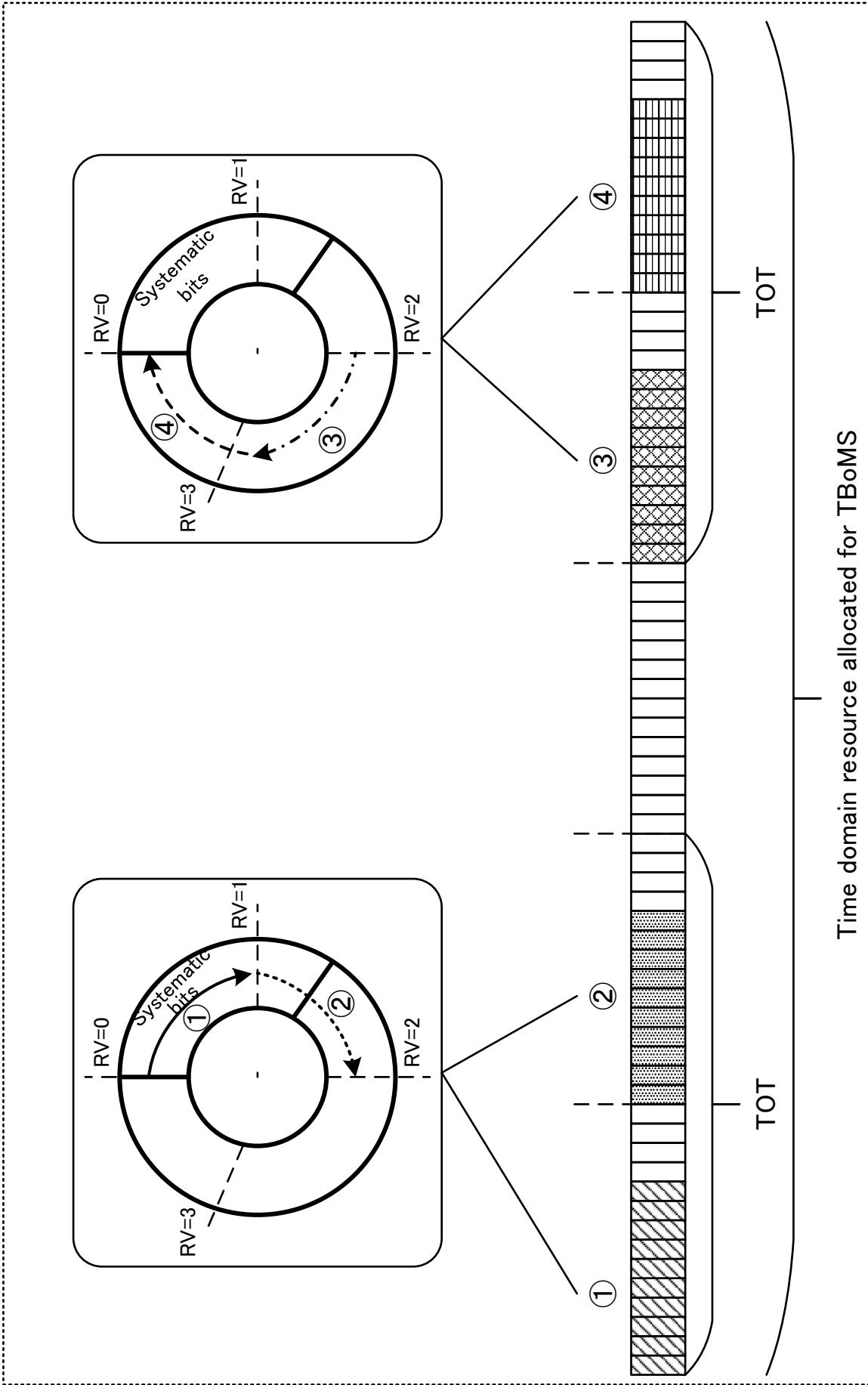


FIG. 4

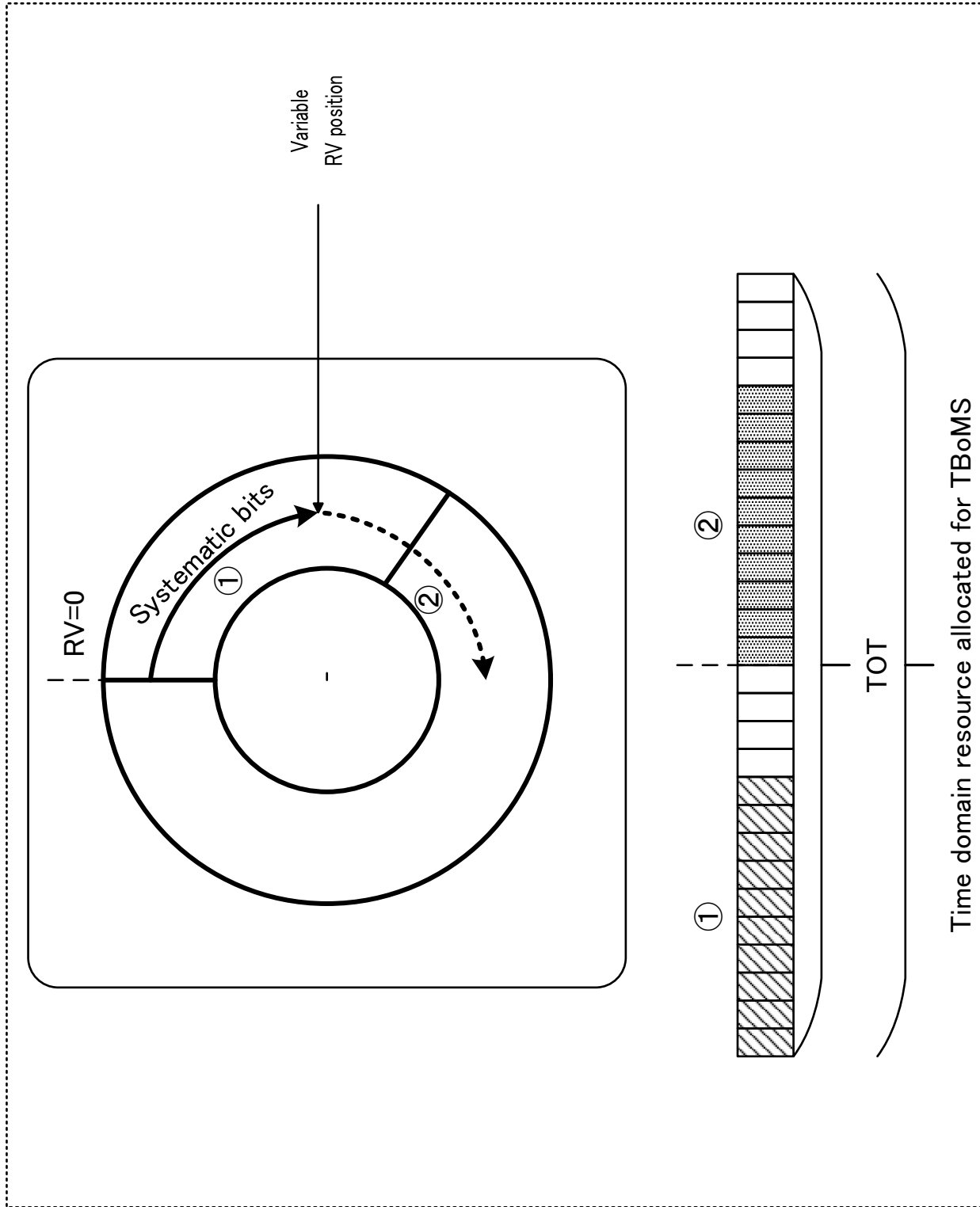


FIG. 5

100

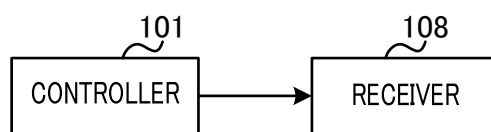


FIG. 6

200

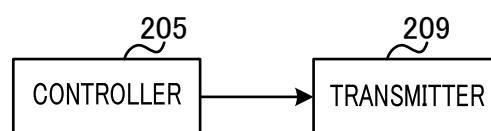


FIG. 7

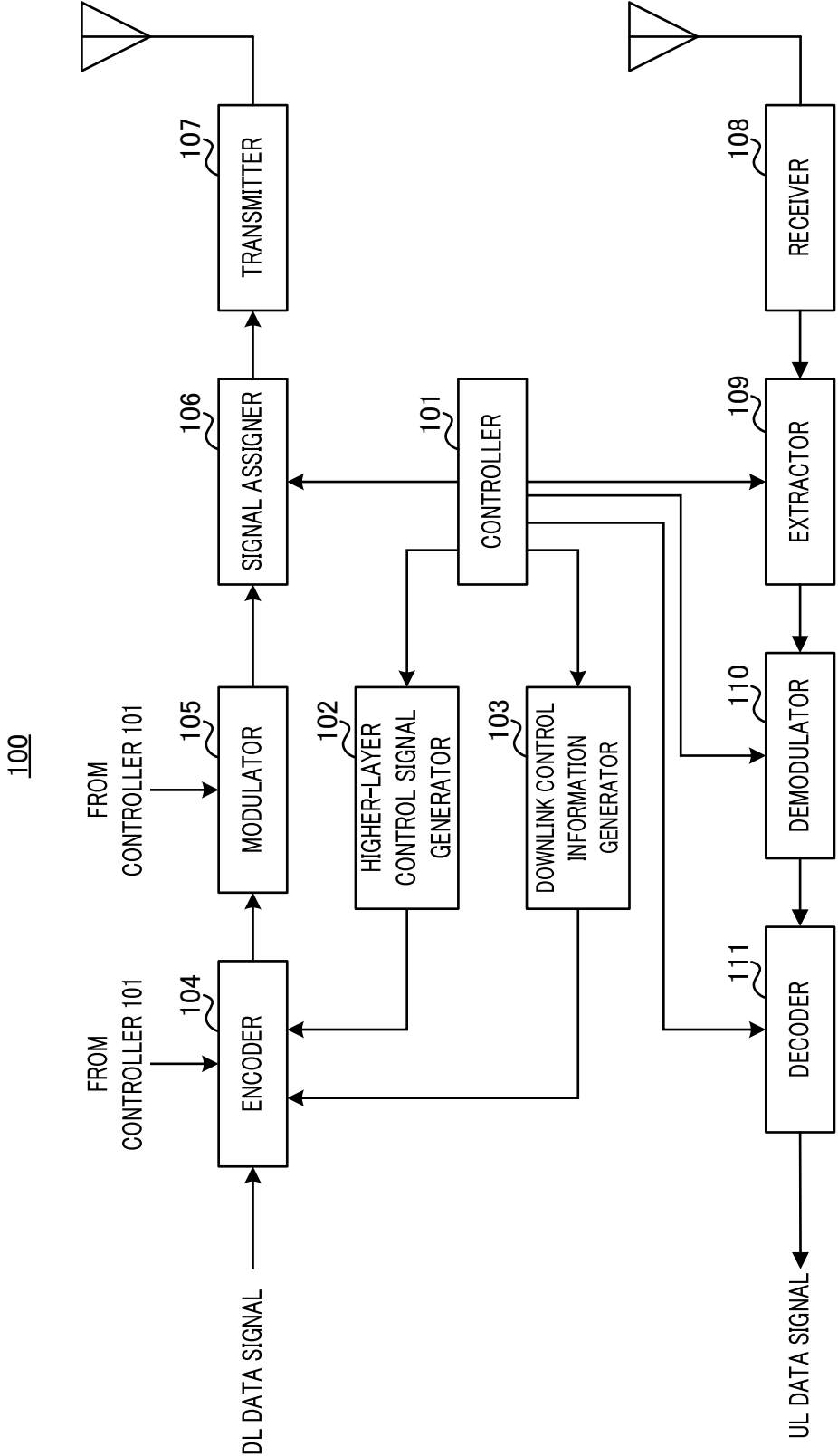


FIG. 8

200

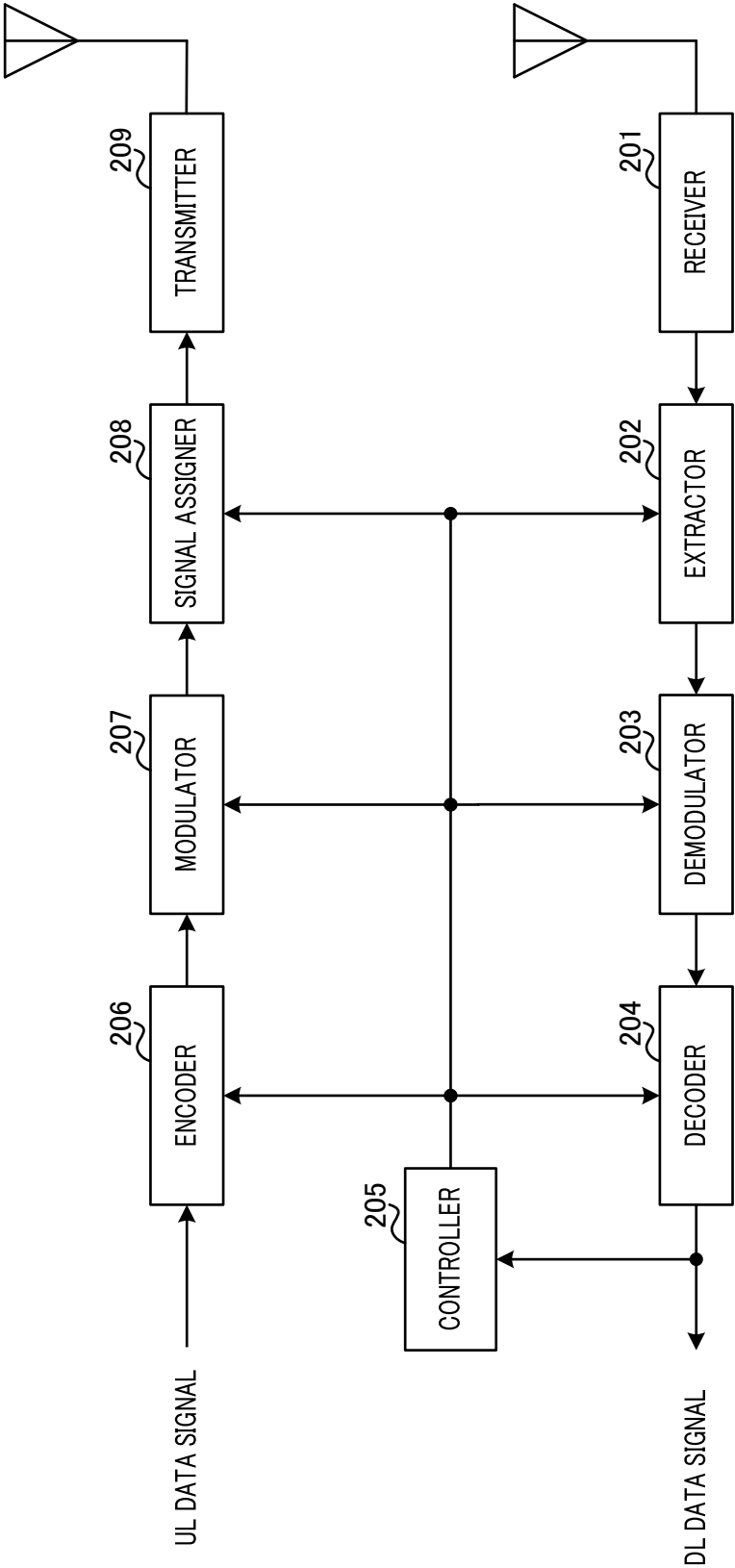


FIG. 9

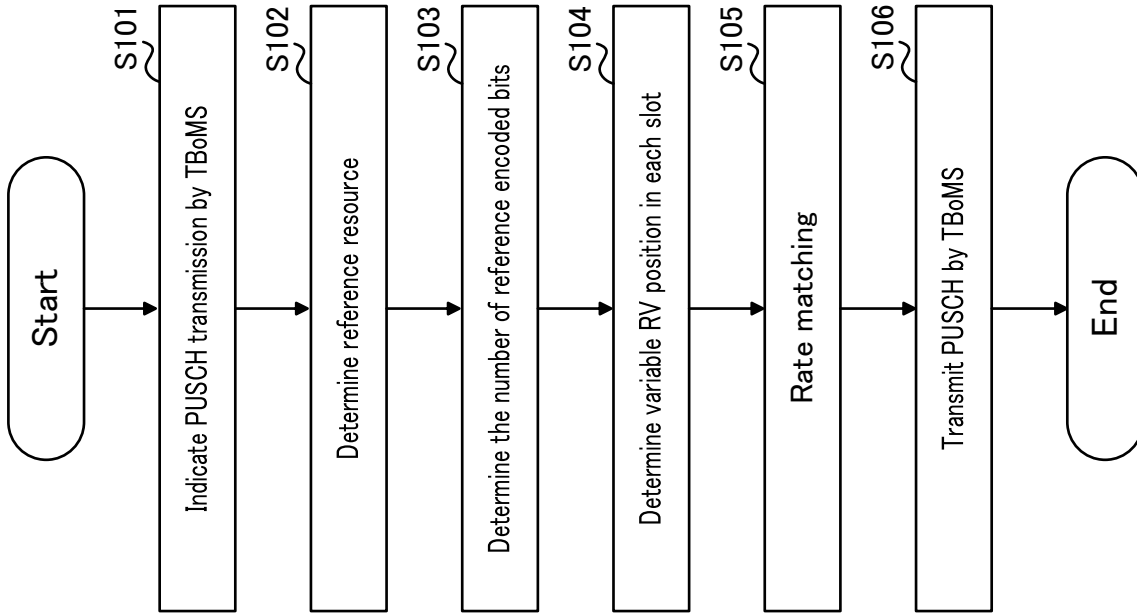


FIG. 10

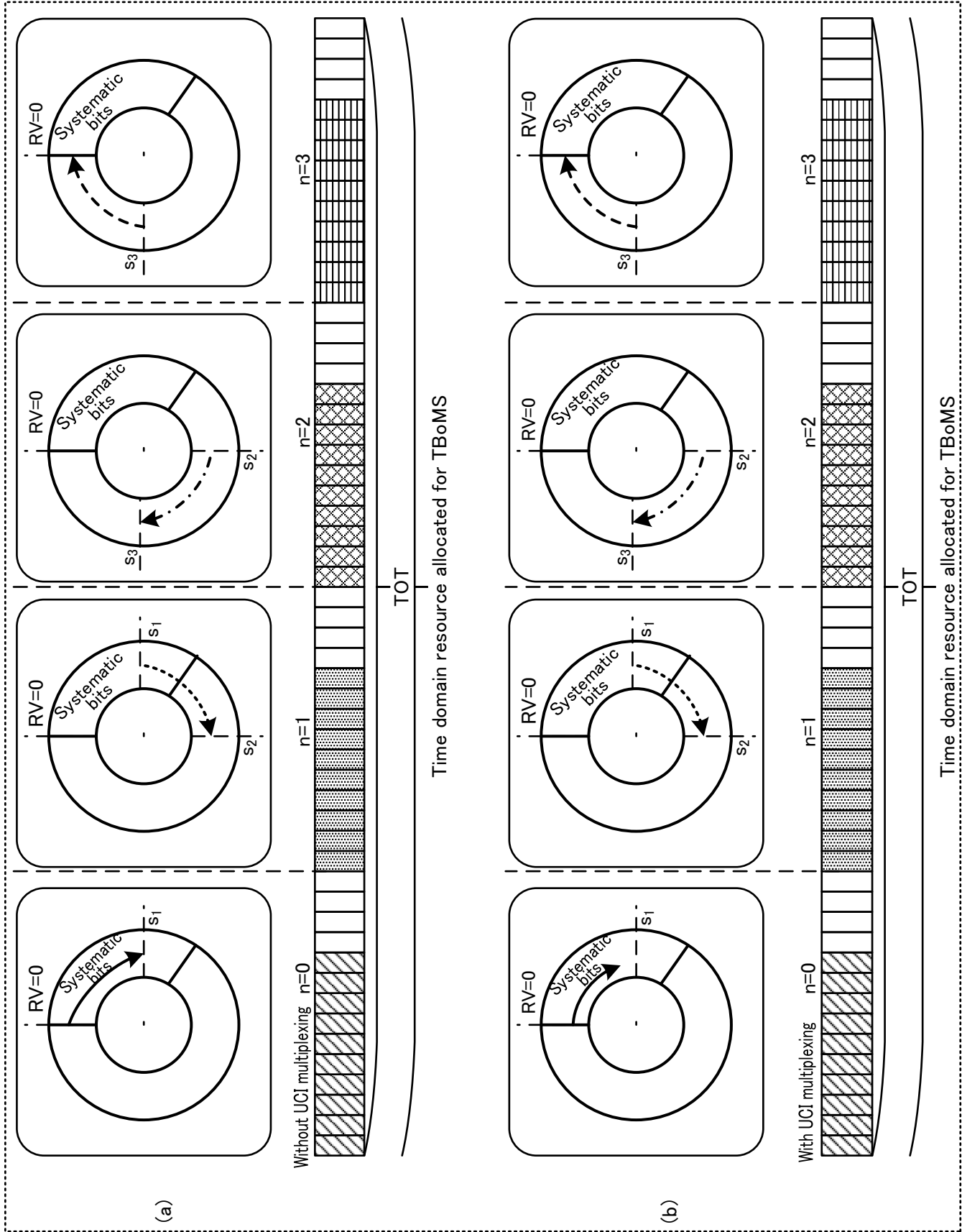


FIG. 11

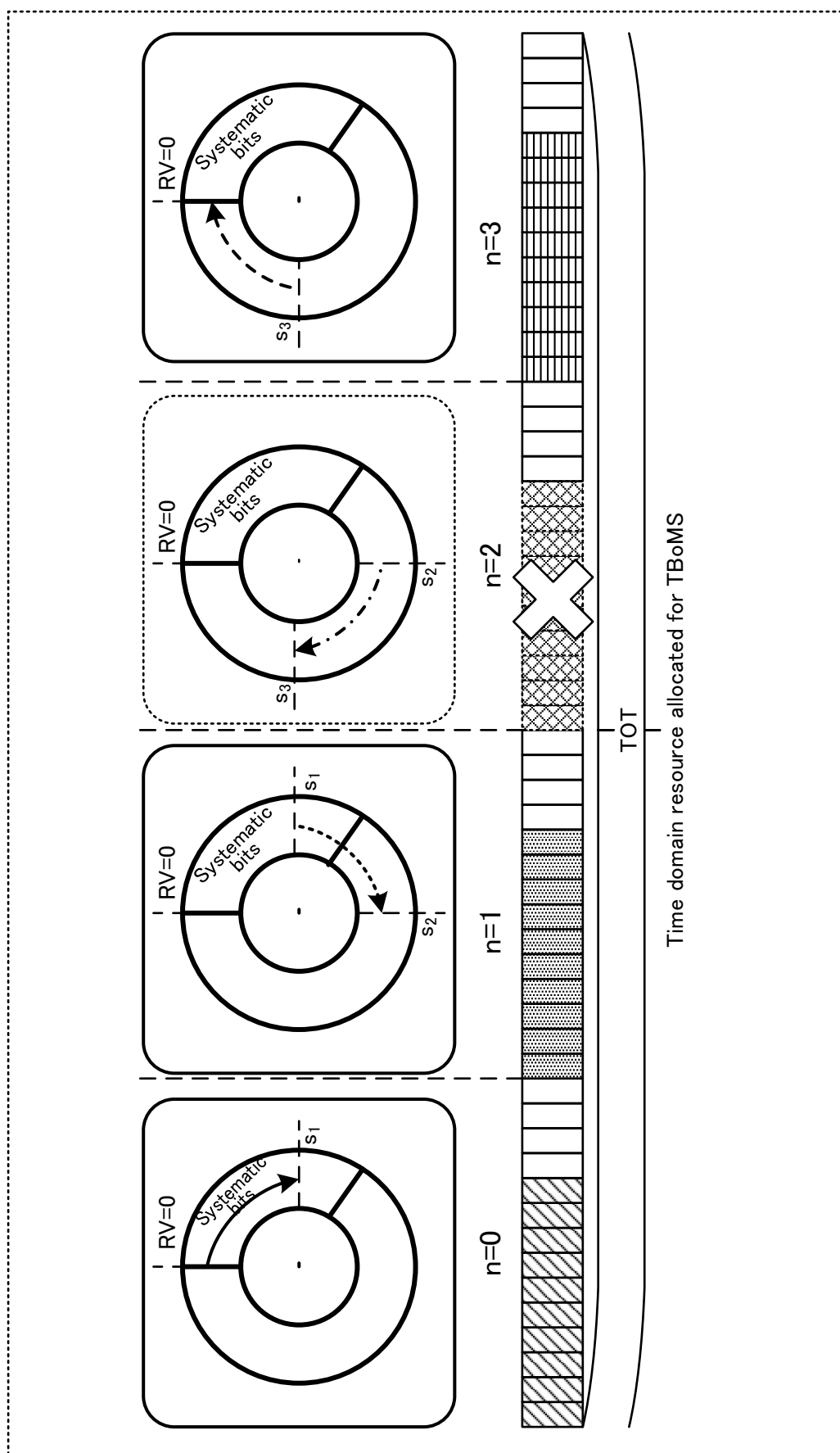


FIG. 12

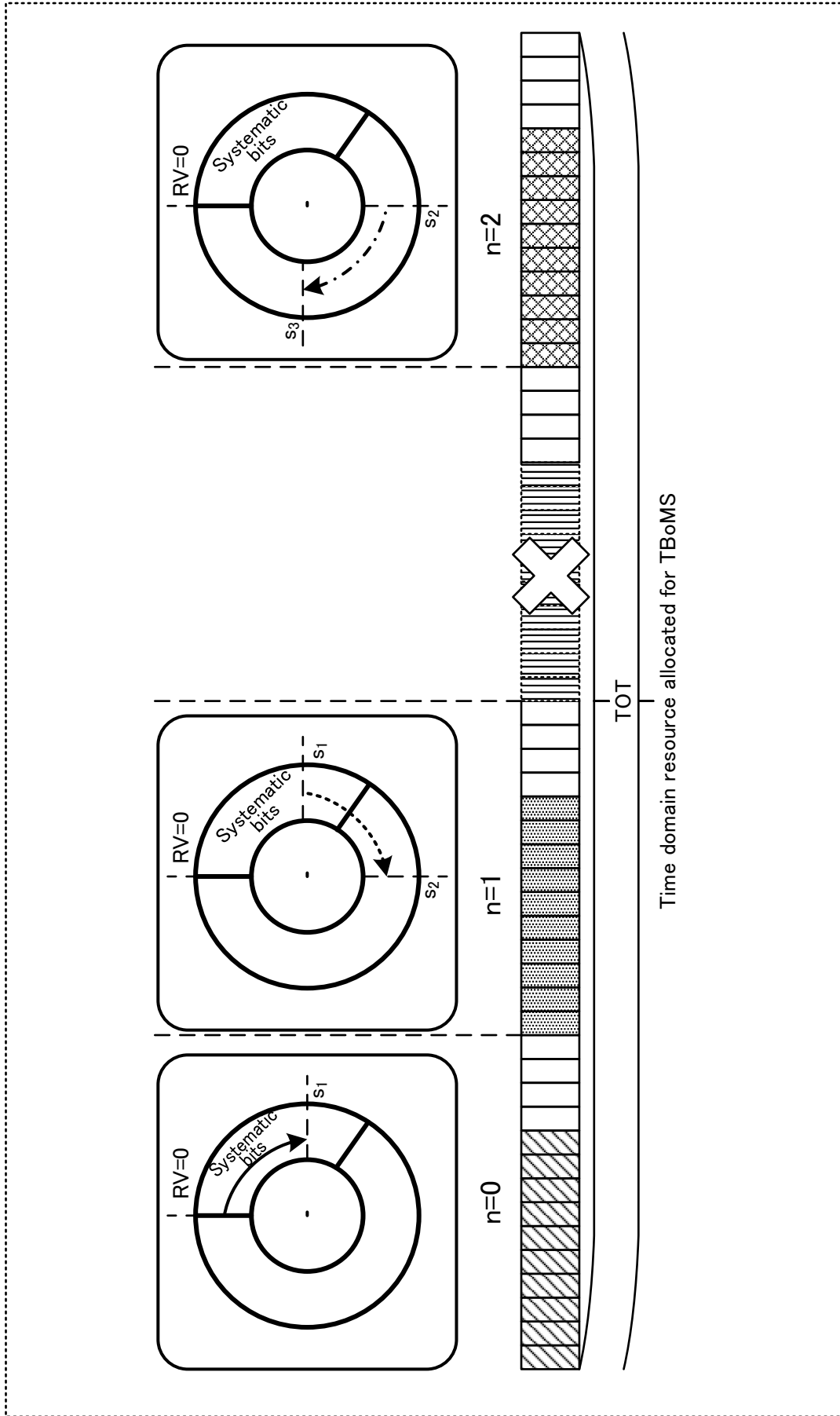


FIG. 13

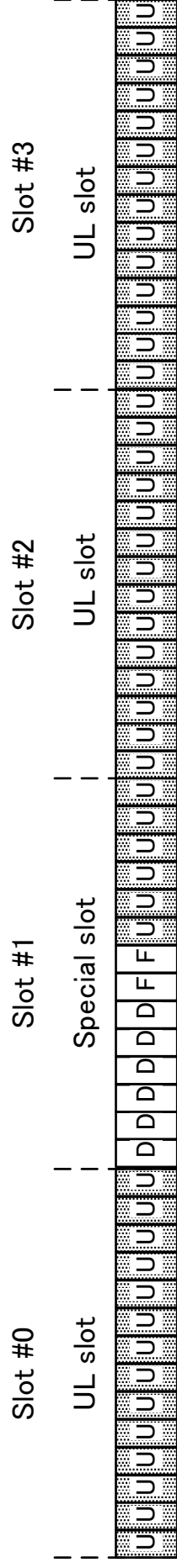


FIG. 14

Figure 1 illustrates the time domain resource allocation for TBoMS. The diagram shows a sequence of 12 subcarriers, grouped into four slots: 1st slot (n=0), 2nd slot (n=1), 3rd slot (n=2), and 4th slot (n=3). Each slot contains 3 subcarriers. The 1st slot contains 3 'U's. The 2nd slot contains 3 'F's. The 3rd slot contains 3 'U's. The 4th slot contains 3 'U's. A bracket below the 2nd and 3rd slots is labeled 'TOT'. A larger bracket below the 3rd and 4th slots is labeled 'Time domain resource allocated for TBoMS'.

rv _{id} indicated by the DCI scheduling the PUSCH	rv _{id} to be applied to the first slot in the m-th TOT			
	m mod 4 = 0	m mod 4 = 1	m mod 4 = 2	m mod 4 = 3
0	0	2	3	1
2	2	3	1	0
3	3	1	0	2
1	1	0	2	3

FIG. 16

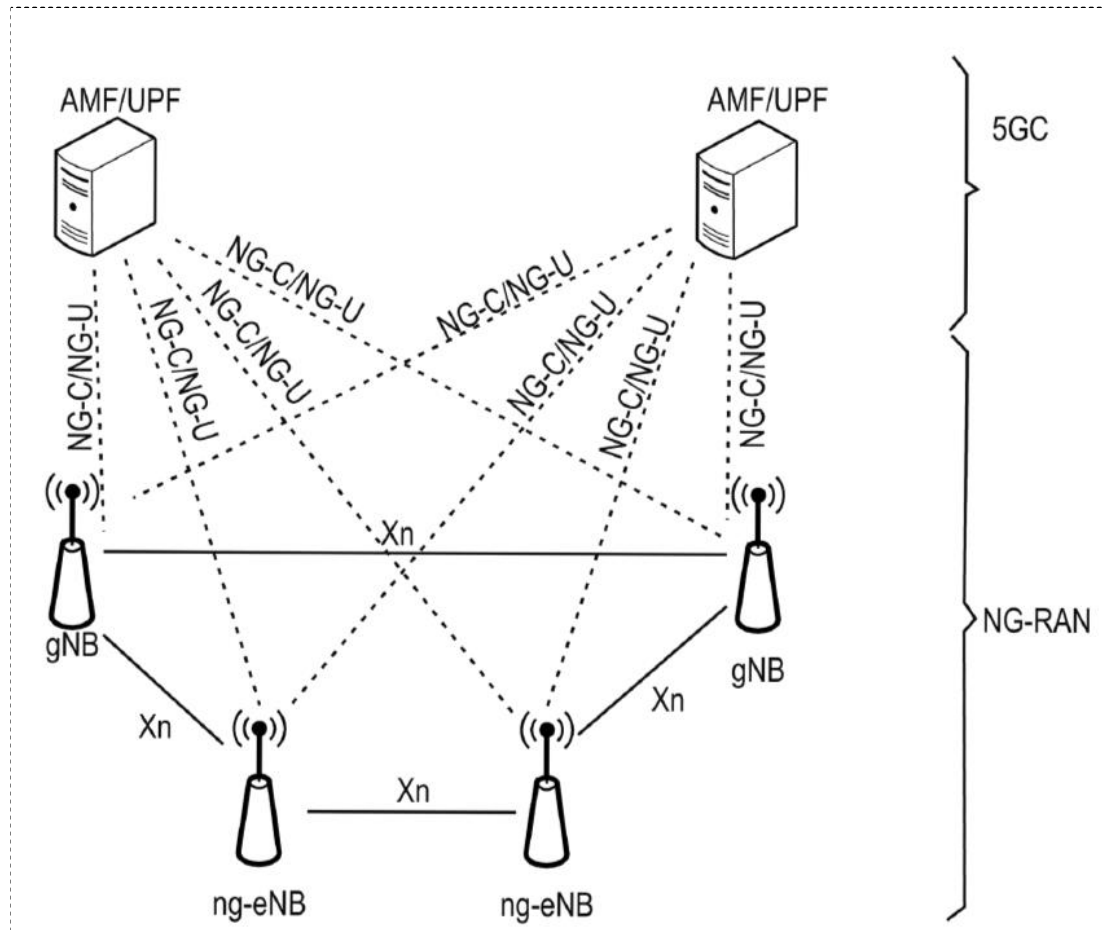


FIG. 17

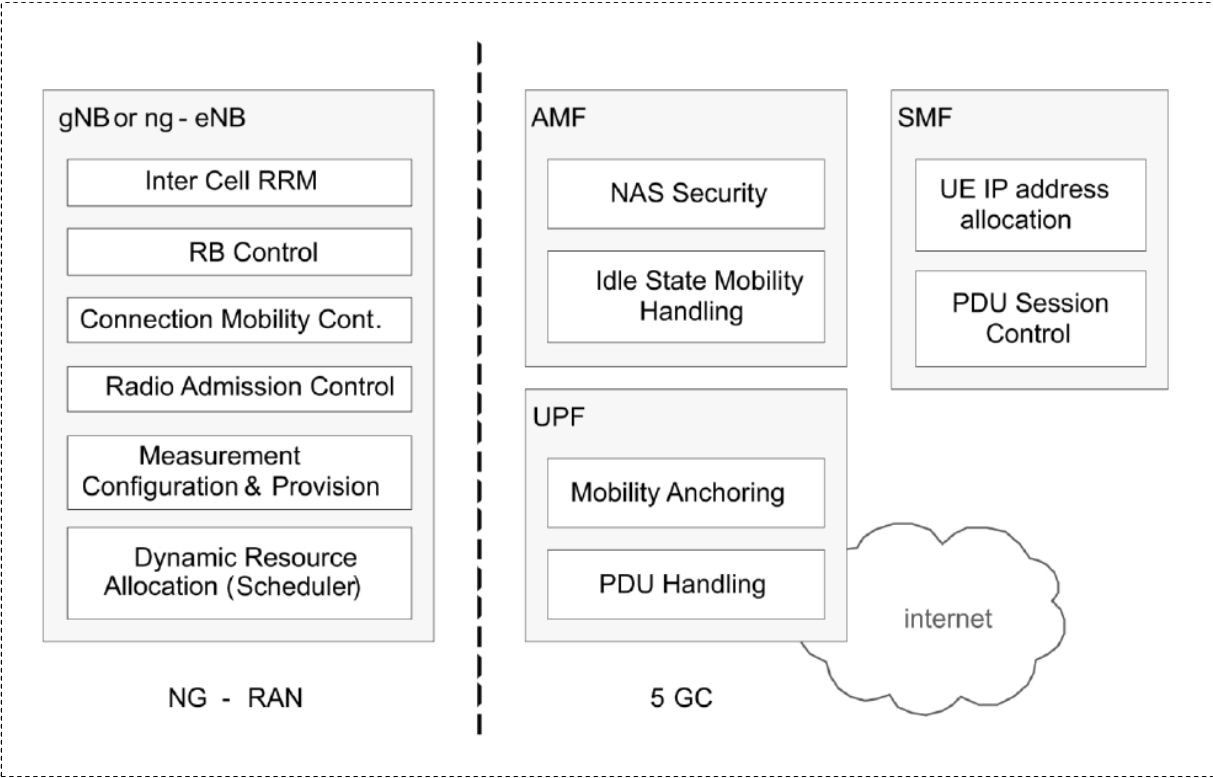


FIG. 18

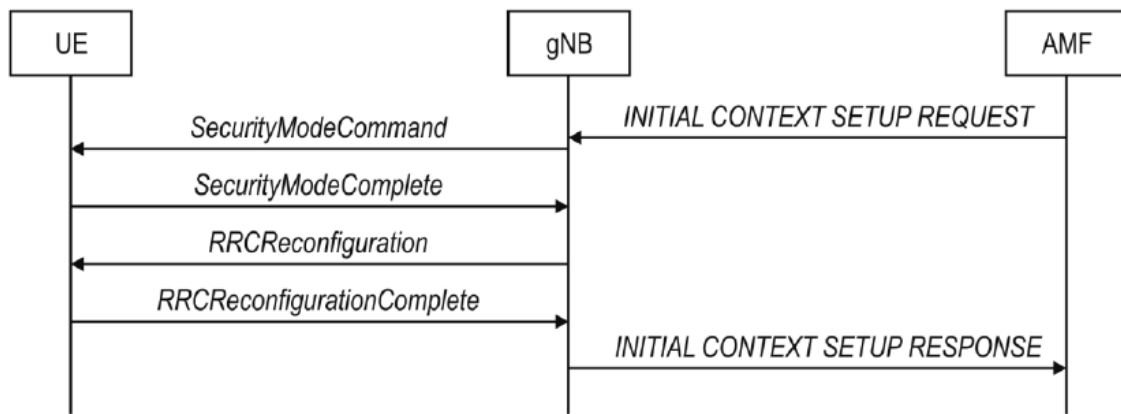


FIG. 19

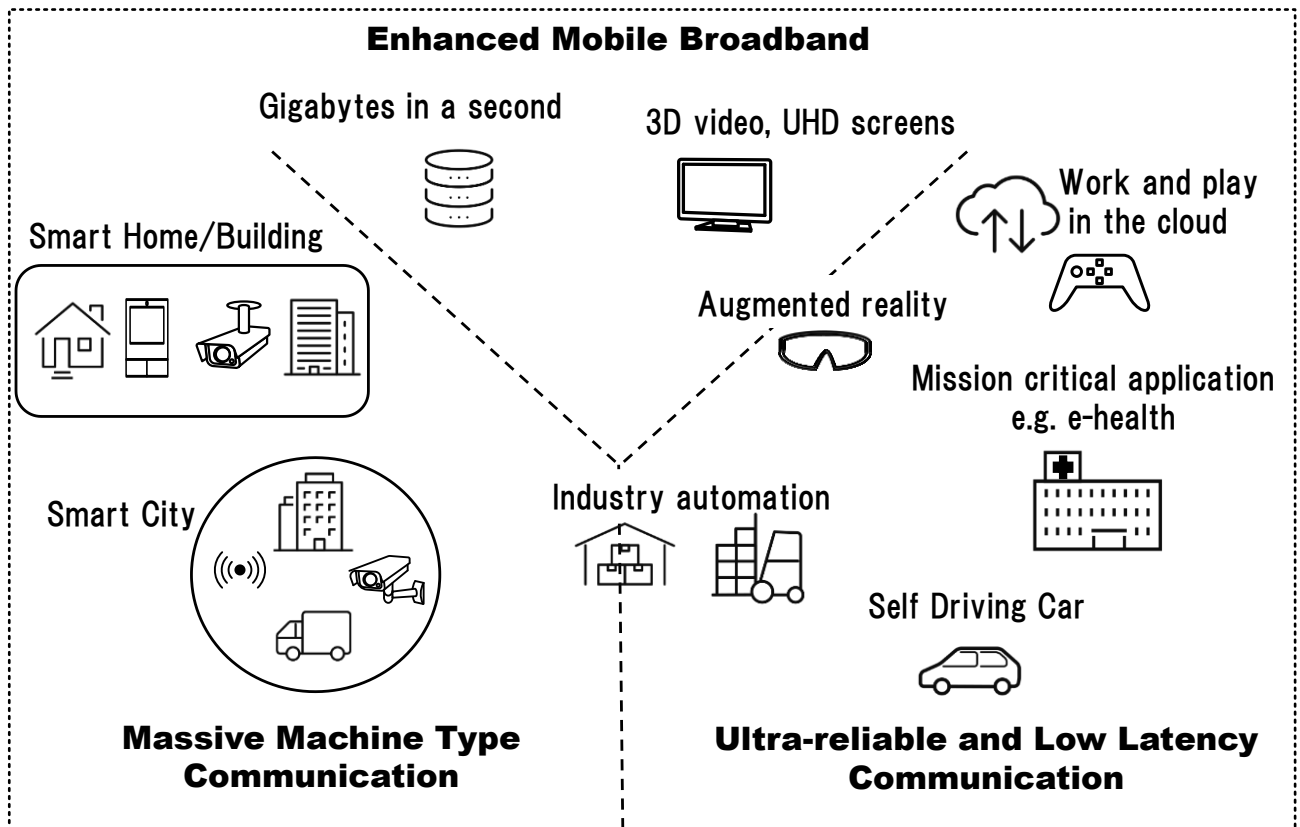


FIG. 20

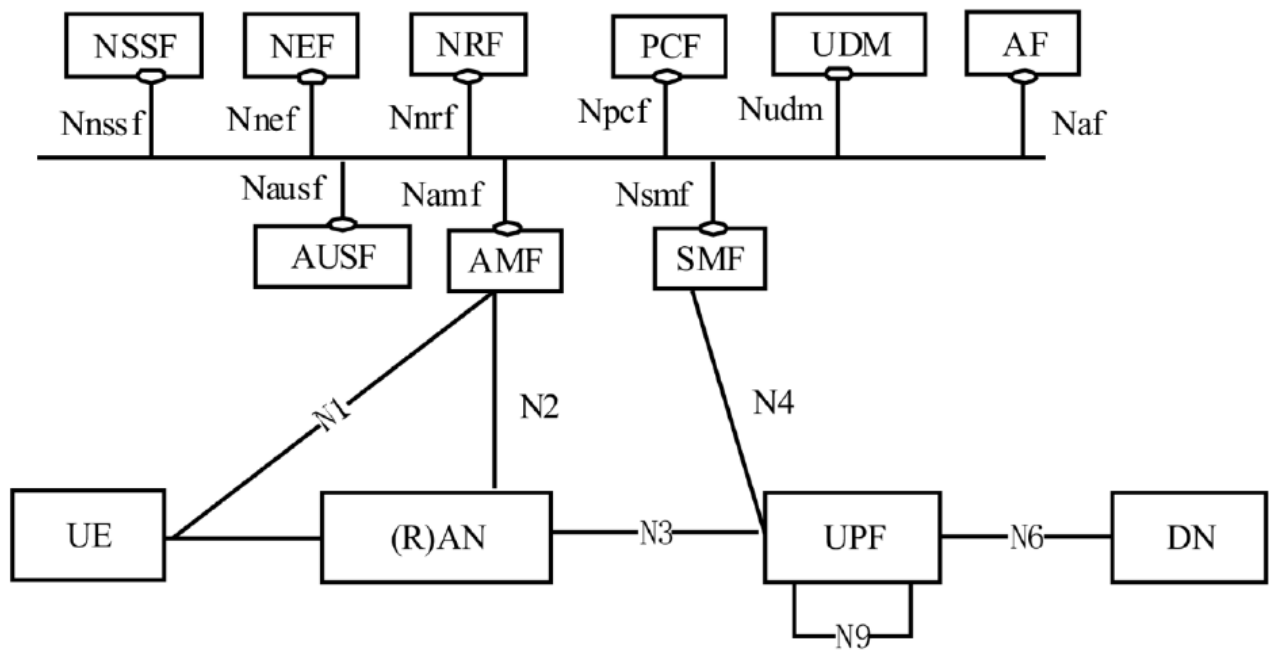


FIG. 21