CLAIMS

1. A negative pressure wound dressing, the dressing comprising a backing layer, an adhesive skin contact layer and an absorbent structure arranged between the backing layer and the adhesive skin contact layer, wherein the adhesive skin contact layer is configured to detachably adhere the dressing to a dermal surface, wherein the backing layer comprises a coupling member configured to connect the dressing to a negative pressure source,

   wherein the absorbent structure comprises a wound contact layer, a transmission layer and a superabsorbent layer, and wherein at least two of the wound contact layer, the transmission layer and the superabsorbent layer are laminated together.

2. The negative pressure wound dressing according to claim 1, wherein the adhesive skin contact layer provides an adhesive border.

3. The negative pressure wound dressing according to claim 1 or claim 2, wherein each of the wound contact layer, the transmission layer and the superabsorbent layer are laminated together.

4. The negative pressure wound dressing according to claim 3, wherein each of the wound contact layer, the transmission layer and the superabsorbent layer are laminated together by a scatter-coat adhesive.

5. The negative pressure wound dressing according to any one of the preceding claims, wherein the wound contact layer is stitch bonded.

6. The negative pressure wound dressing according to any one of the preceding claims, wherein the transmission layer is arranged between the wound contact layer and the superabsorbent layer.

7. The negative pressure wound dressing according to claim 6, wherein the transmission layer is laminated on a first surface to the wound contact layer and on a second surface to the superabsorbent layer.

8. The negative pressure wound dressing according to any one of the preceding claims, wherein the wound contact layer is formed of sodium carboxymethylcellulose fibres.

9. The negative pressure wound dressing according to any one of the preceding claims, wherein the at least two of the wound contact layer, the transmission layer and the superabsorbent layer are laminated together by heat lamination.

10. The negative pressure wound dressing according to any one of the preceding claims, wherein the superabsorbent layer comprises an upper layer and a lower layer, further wherein the upper layer and the lower layer enclose a first material.

11. The negative pressure wound dressing according to claim 10, wherein the first material comprises at least one of non-woven fibres, an absorbent material and a hot melt binder.

12. A method for manufacturing a negative pressure wound dressing comprising the steps:

    a. Providing an adhesive skin contact layer and a backing layer;

    b. Providing a wound contact layer, a transmission layer and a superabsorbent layer;

    c. Adhering together at least two of the wound contact layer, the transmission layer and the superabsorbent layer to form an absorbent structure; and

    d. Arranging the absorbent structure between the adhesive skin contact layer and the backing layer

    wherein, in step c, each of the wound contact layer, the transmission layer and the superabsorbent layer are adhered together by lamination or by stitchbonding.

13. The method for manufacturing a negative pressure wound dressing according to claim 12, wherein lamination is by heat lamination.

14. A method for manufacturing a negative pressure wound dressing according to claim 12, wherein, in step c, each of the wound contact layer, transmission layer and the superabsorbent layer are adhered together by stitchbonding.

15. The method for manufacturing a negative pressure wound dressing according to any one of claims 12 to 14, wherein, prior to step c, the wound contact layer is stitchbonded.