

DESCRIPTION

VERTICAL CAROUSEL AND VERTICAL TRANSPORTATION METHOD USING THE VERTICAL CAROUSEL

5 Technical Field

[0001]

The present invention relates to a vertical carousel for transporting articles vertically in a clean room.

Background Art

10 [0002]

Patent Publication 1 (JP2002-104641A) discloses an example of a vertical carousel. In the case of providing the vertical carousel of this type in a clean room, in the presence of dust particles emitted from mechanical parts of the carousel, it is necessary to prevent contamination of transported articles, and contamination of space on the floor. In this regard, the inventor studied to elevate, and lower racks circulating in the carousel using two chains arranged substantially on a diagonal line relative to the rack. By providing two chains at two diagonal positions of the rack, the rack can be elevated and lowered stably. However, in this case, since the chains are provided on both of the front and back surfaces of the rack, it is difficult to shield the front surface of the rack from the air containing dust particles emitted from a drive unit of the chains. Therefore, the inventor studied to shield the rack from the air containing dust particles emitted from the drive unit of the chains, and prevent the air containing dust particles from flowing out of the carousel at the time of transporting articles between the rack and an area outside of the carousel.

25 Disclosure of the Invention

Problems to be solved by the Invention

[0003]

An object of the present invention is to elevate, and lower a rack in a stable orientation, and shield the rack and an area outside of a carousel from an air containing dust particles emitted from a drive unit of the rack.

Another object of the present invention is to prevent generation of air flow
5 between floors through a vertical carousel.

Means for Solving the Problems

[0004]

According to the present invention, a vertical carousel has an endless drive member for vertically circulating a rack attached to the endless drive member. The
10 vertical carousel includes, an inner wall surrounding an inner space for vertically circulating the rack, an outer wall surrounding the inner wall, the rack disposed in the inner space, and a pair of extensions provided at diagonal positions of the rack to protrude toward an outer space between the inner wall and the outer wall through slits of the inner wall. Each of the extensions is attached to the endless drive member. Further,
15 the vertical carousel includes a drive mechanism for the endless drive member. The drive mechanism is provided in the outer space. A tunnel passes through the outer space to connect the inner space and an area outside of the vertical carousel for transportation of an article into, and out of the tunnel.

[0005]

20 Preferably, the article is transported between floors, and the vertical carousel further includes an exhaust air space provided at least under a lowermost floor, and a fan filter unit for purifying an air in the outer space, and supplying the purified air into the inner space. An air pressure in the inner space is regulated to be higher than an air pressure in a floor around the vertical carousel, and an air pressure in the outer space is
25 regulated to be lower than the air pressure in the floors, and higher than an air pressure in the exhaust air space under the floor.

If there is more than one exhaust air space, the air pressure of the outer space is

regulated to be higher than the respective exhaust air spaces.

Particularly preferably, a fan filter unit for sucking an air from the area outside the vertical carousel into the inner space, and an exhaust air port for discharging the air from the outer space to the exhaust air space are provided.

5 [0006]

Further, according to the present invention, a vertical transportation method of transporting an article between floors by attaching a rack to an endless drive member for vertically circulating the rack is provided. The vertical transportation method includes the steps of:

10 providing an inner wall surrounding an inner space for vertically circulating the rack, and providing an outer wall surrounding the inner wall;

providing the rack in the inner space, the rack having a pair of extensions at diagonal positions of the rack;

15 providing the endless drive member and a drive mechanism for the endless drive member in an outer space between the inner wall and the outer wall;

attaching the extensions of the rack to the drive member in a manner that the extensions protrude toward the outer space through slits of the inner wall; and

providing a tunnel passing through the outer space to connect the inner space and the floors for transportation of an article into, and out of the tunnel.

20 Preferably, the vertical transportation method further includes the step of regulating an air pressure in the inner space to be higher than an air pressure in the floors, and regulating an air pressure in the outer space to be lower than the air pressure in the floors, and higher than an air pressure in an exhaust air space at least under one of the floors for preventing mixing of the air between floors.

25 In the specification, description regarding the vertical carousel is directly applicable to the vertical transportation method.

Advantages of the Invention

[0007]

In the present invention, a pair of extensions are provided at diagonal positions of a rack. The extensions are attached to a drive member for vertical circulation. As a result, the rack can be circulated in a stable orientation. The inside of the carousel is partitioned into an inner space and an outer space. The extensions of the rack protrude toward the outer space from slits for allowing the rack to be driven by the drive member. The drive member and a drive mechanism for the drive member are disposed in the outer space. As a result, dust particles produced from the drive mechanism or the like do not enter the inner space significantly. Further, since the inner space and an area outside the carousel are connected by a tunnel extending through the outer space, the article can be transported into, or out of the tunnel without being exposed to the air in the outer space.

[0008]

In the case where a fan filter unit for purifying the air in the outer space, and supplying the purified air into the inner space is provided, dust particles in the carousel can be treated in the carousel, and the amount of the contaminated air discharged to the outside can be reduced. Further, by increasing the air pressure in the inner space using the fan filter unit, the air pressure in the inner space can be regulated easily to become higher than the air pressure in the floor around the carousel. By sucking the air using the fan filter unit, the air in the outer space can be regulated easily to become lower than the air pressure in the floor.

By providing a fan filter unit for sucking the air from the area outside of the carousel, and supplying the air into the inner space, the air pressure in the inner space can be regulated easily to become higher than the air pressure of the outside floor. Further, by providing the exhaust air port or discharging the air in the outer space to the exhaust air space, the air pressure in the outer space can be regulated easily to become lower than the air pressure in the outside floor, and higher than the air pressure in the exhaust air space.

Brief Description of the Drawings

[0009]

[FIG. 1]

- 5 FIG. 1 is a horizontal cross sectional view of a vertical carousel according to an embodiment, showing inner and outer spaces and a tunnel.

[FIG. 2]

FIG. 2 is a vertical cross sectional view taken along a line II-II in FIG. 1, showing arrangement of the inner and outer spaces and the tunnel.

10 [FIG. 3]

FIG. 3 is a horizontal cross sectional view taken along a line in FIG. 2, showing arrangement of chains and sprockets.

[FIG. 4]

- 15 FIG. 4 is a view schematically showing atmospheric pressures in respective components in the embodiment.

Description of the numerals

[0010]

2: vertical carousel

4: inner space

20 6: outer space

8: inner wall

10: outer wall

12: tunnel

14: tunnel outer wall

25 16: rack

18: FOUP

20: transfer robot

22, 32: fan filter unit (FFU)

24: shutter

26: slit

28: extension

5 30: chain

34: sprocket

36: drive unit

38, 40: floor

42: exhaust air space

10 44: exhaust air port

F1, F2: floor space

Embodiment

[0011]

15 FIGS. 1 to 4 show a vertical carousel 2 according to an embodiment. The vertical carousel 2 has dual cylindrical structure. A reference numeral 4 denotes an inner space of the vertical carousel 2 having the highest cleanness. A reference numeral 6 denotes an outer space surrounding the inner space 4. The spaces 4 and 6 are shielded from each other by an inner wall 8. A reference numeral 10 denotes an outer wall for shielding the outer space 6 from an area outside the carousel 2. The vertical carousel 2 has tunnels 12 at positions facing floor spaces F1, F2. Each of the tunnels 12 extends through the outer space 6 to connect the inner space 4 to the outside of the carousel 2. Further, a mechanical shutter 24 is provided in the tunnel 12. When an article such as a FOUP 18 is transported into, or transported out of the tunnel 12, the shutter 24 is opened. A reference numeral 14 denotes an outer wall of the tunnel 12.

20

25

[0012]

Racks 16 are vertically circulated in the inner space 4. Each of the racks 16 has a

pair of extensions 28 at diagonal positions (positions on a diagonal line) of the rack 16. The extensions 28 protrude toward the outer space 6 through slits 26 in the inner wall 8. Endless chains 30 or endless belts are attached to the extensions 28. By sprockets 34 and drive units 36 shown in FIGS. 2 and 3, the racks 16 are circulated in a vertical direction.

5 The racks 16 are arranged in two rows in parallel along the vertical direction. The chains 30, the sprockets 34, and the drive unit 36 are provided in the outer space 6.

[0013]

An article such as a FOUP 18 is placed on each rack 16. The type of the article can be determined arbitrarily. Further, a transfer robot 20 using a SCARA arm or the like

10 is provided in the tunnel 12 so that the FOUP 18 or the like can be transferred between the rack 16 and the outside when the shutter 24 is opened. Though the transfer robot 20 is provided outside the shutter 24 in the illustrated embodiment, the shutter 24 may be provided at the exit of the tunnel 12, and the transfer robot 20 may be provided inside the tunnel 12. Fan filter units (FFU) 22 are provided at suitable positions in the outer space 6

15 for purifying the air in the outer space 6, and supplying the purified air into the inner space 4. Further, a fan filter unit (FFU) 32 is provided, e.g., on a ceiling of the vertical carousel 2 for purifying an air outside of the vertical carousel 2, and supplying the purified air into the inner space 4.

[0014]

20 As shown in FIG. 2, the vertical carousel 2 passes through an area between the floor spaces F1, F2. Reference numerals 38, 40 denote floors. In FIG. 2, though transportation between the two floor spaces F1, F2 is shown, the number of floor spaces along the vertical direction can be determined arbitrarily. An exhaust air space 42 is provided under the floor 38, and the outer wall 10 has an exhaust air port 44 for

25 discharging the air in the outer space 6 to the exhaust air space 42. Typically, an air sucking fan is provided in the exhaust air space, and the atmosphere is kept to have a negative pressure.

[0015]

Operation of the embodiment will be described. By the sprockets 34, the racks 16 are circulated in the vertical direction through the chains 30. Each of the racks 16 is supported by the chains 30 at the two positions substantially along the diagonal line.

5 Therefore, the rack 16 is not tilted significantly due to the load or the like from the FOUP 18. The rack 16 is oriented horizontally, and circulated vertically. When the rack 16 arrives at the floor space for transporting the article into, and out of the rack 16, the vertical circulation is stopped, and the shutter 24 is opened to transport the article between the rack 16 and an area the outside the vertical carouse 2. In the case of
10 transporting articles to or from both of the floor spaces F1, F2 at the same time, the air flow may be produced between the floor spaces F1, F2 through the inner space 4. In the case where the cleanness of the floor space F1 and the cleanness of the floor space F2 are different, it is undesirable if an air flow from the space having the lower cleanness to the space having the higher cleanness is generated.

15 [0016]

The cleanness in the vertical carousel 2 will be described. When a clean air is supplied to the inner space 4 by the upper fan filter unit 32, the clean air leaks from the slit 26 to the outer space 6, and the air is discharged from the exhaust air port 44 to the exhaust air space 42. The cleanness of the inner space 4 at least has the highest cleanness
20 in the floor spaces F1, F2. Since the outer space 6 is shielded from the floor spaces F1, F2, and the inner space 4, as long as the outer space 6 has a suitable cleanness, no special requirement of the cleanness is present for the outer space 6.

[0017]

FIG. 4 schematically shows air pressures in respective components of the vertical
25 carousel 2. The air pressure in the inner space 4 is regulated to be higher than the air pressures in the floor spaces F1, F2, and the air pressure in the outer space 6 is regulated to be lower than the air pressure of any of the floor spaces F1, F2. The air pressure in the

exhaust air space 42 is the lowest. A clean air is supplied from the fan filter unit 32 to the inner space 4 at all times, and the air in the outer space 6 is discharged from the exhaust air port 44 at all times. Further, the flow rate of the air supplied from the fan filter units 32 is regulated to be higher than the flow rate of the air flowing from the shutter 24 to the floor space. In this manner, even if the shutter 24 is opened, the air pressure in the inner space 24 does not change basically, and the air pressure in the inner space 24 remains higher than the air pressures in the floor spaces F1, F2. When the shutter 24 is opened, the air flow from the inner space 4 to the floor spaces F1, F2 is generated, and no counterflow of the air is generated. Therefore, mixing of the air between the floor spaces F1, F2 does not occur. Thus, stability of the cleanness is achieved in each of the floor spaces F1, F2.

CLAIMS

1. A vertical carousel having an endless drive member for vertically circulating a rack attached to the endless drive member, the vertical carousel further including;
5 an inner wall surrounding an inner space for vertically circulating the rack;
 an outer wall surrounding the inner wall;
 the rack disposed in the inner space;
 a pair of extensions provided at diagonal positions of the rack protruding toward
 an outer space between the inner wall and the outer wall through slits of the inner wall,
10 the extensions each being attached to the endless drive member;
 a drive mechanism for the endless drive member, the drive mechanism being
 provided in the outer space; and
 a tunnel passing through the outer space and connecting the inner space and an
 area outside of the vertical carousel for transportation of an article into, and out of the
15 inner space.
2. The vertical carousel according to claim 1, the article being transported
between floors,
the vertical carousel further including:
20 an exhaust air space provided at least under a lowermost floor; and
 a fan filter unit for purifying an air in the outer space, and supplying the purified
air into the inner space; and
 means for regulating an air pressure in the inner space being higher than an air
pressure in the floors around the vertical carousel, and an air pressure in the outer space
25 being lower than the air pressure in the floors, and higher than an air pressure in the
exhaust air space under the floor.

3. The vertical carousel according to claim 2, further including a fan filter unit for sucking an air from the area outside the vertical carousel into the inner space, and an exhaust air port for discharging the air from the outer space to the exhaust air space.

5 4. A vertical transportation method of transporting an article between floors by attaching a rack to an endless drive member for vertically circulating the rack, the vertical transportation method further including the steps of:

 providing an inner wall surrounding an inner space for vertically circulating the rack, and providing an outer wall surrounding the inner wall;

10 providing the rack in the inner space, the rack having a pair of extensions at diagonal positions of the rack;

 providing the endless drive member and a drive mechanism for the endless drive member in an outer space between the inner wall and the outer wall;

 attaching the extensions of the rack to the drive member in a manner that the
15 extensions protrude toward the outer space through slits of the inner wall; and

 providing a tunnel passing through the outer space and connecting the inner space and the floors for transportation of the article into, and out of the inner space.

 5. The vertical transportation method according to claim 4, further including the
20 step of regulating an air pressure in the inner space to be higher than an air pressure in the floors, and regulating an air pressure in the outer space to be lower than the air pressure in the floors, and higher than an air pressure in an exhaust air space under a lower most floor for preventing mixing of the air between floors.