

SERVICE PERFORMANCE FEEDBACK IN A RADIO ACCESS NETWORK

The provision of communication services increasingly involves the use of radio access networks.

5 Some assessment of the performance of a radio link between a communication device and an access node of a radio access network may be derived from the HARQ (Hybrid Automatic Repeat Request) feedback and RLC (Radio Link Control) status reports used in retransmission mechanisms employed to achieve high
10 data rates.

There has been identified the challenge of assessing the performance of a service provided by a radio access network without relying on the feedback used for retransmission mechanisms.

15 There is hereby provided a method, comprising: transmitting from an access node of an access network an instruction to transmit one or more decoding performance reports relating exclusively to a specific type of service, which decoding performance report comprises information about the result of
20 one or more attempts to decode at a communication device one or more transmissions via which said specific type of service is provided.

There is also hereby provided a method, comprising: in response to receiving at a communication device an
25 instruction from an access network to transmit one or more decoding performance reports relating exclusively to a specific type of service, transmitting one or more decoding performance reports from said communication device to said access network, which decoding performance report comprises
30 information about the result of one or more attempts to decode at said communication device one or more transmissions via which said specific type of service is provided.

There is also hereby provided an apparatus comprising: a processor and memory including computer program code, wherein
35 the memory and computer program code are configured to, with the processor, cause the apparatus to: transmit from an access node of an access network an instruction to transmit one or more decoding performance reports relating exclusively to a specific type of service, which decoding performance
40 report comprises information about the result of one or more attempts to decode at a communication device one or more

transmissions via which said specific type of service is provided.

There is also hereby provided an apparatus comprising: a processor and memory including computer program code, wherein
5 the memory and computer program code are configured to, with the processor, cause the apparatus to: in response to receiving at a communication device an instruction from an access network to transmit one or more decoding performance reports relating exclusively to a specific type of service,
10 transmit one or more decoding performance reports from said communication device to said access network, which decoding performance report comprises information about the result of one or more attempts to decode at said communication device one or more transmissions via which said specific type of
15 service is provided.

There is also hereby provided a computer program product comprising program code means which when loaded into a computer controls the computer to: transmit from an access
20 node of an access network an instruction to transmit one or more decoding performance reports relating exclusively to a specific type of service, which decoding performance report comprises information about the result of one or more attempts to decode at a communication device one or more
25 transmissions via which said specific type of service is provided.

There is also hereby provided a computer program product comprising program code means which when loaded into a computer controls the computer to: in response to receiving
30 at a communication device an instruction from an access network to transmit one or more decoding performance reports relating exclusively to a specific type of service, transmit one or more decoding performance reports from said communication device to said access network, which decoding
35 performance report comprises information about the result of one or more attempts to decode at said communication device one or more transmissions via which said specific type of service is provided.

In one embodiment, said specific type of service is a
40 multimedia broadcast/multicast service.

In one embodiment, said decoding performance report relates exclusively to transmissions for which a common service identifier is specified in associated control signalling.

5 In one embodiment, said service identifier is a temporary mobile group identifier.

In one embodiment, said decoding performance report comprises information about the rate of loss of transport blocks.

10 In one embodiment, said decoding performance report comprises information about the rate of loss of radio link control service data units or rate of loss of radio link control packet data units.

15 In one embodiment, configuration information for configuring said decoding result report is transmitted from said access node, and said communication device configures said decoding performance report according to the report configuration information received from said access network.

20 In one embodiment, said configuration information specifies reporting an average result over a specified duration of a plurality of attempts to decode transmissions relating to said specific type of service.

25 In one embodiment, said specified duration comprises one of the following: the entire duration of a session of the specific type of service; a length of time decided by the access network; a length of time that the communication device remains in one or more cells specified by the access network.

30 In one embodiment, said communication device attempts to decode transmissions relating to said specific type of service in a plurality of cells of said radio access network, and said configuration information specifies reporting a plurality of respective average results over said specified duration for each of said plurality of cells.

35 In one embodiment, said configuration information specifies selectively reporting the result of one or more decoding attempts at periodic intervals.

In one embodiment, said configuration information specifies reporting only decoding attempt results that meet predetermined criteria.

Embodiments of the present invention are described in detail hereunder, by way of example only, with reference to the accompanying drawings, in which:

Figure 1 illustrates an example of a cellular network in
5 which an embodiment of the present invention is implemented;

Figure 2 illustrates an example of apparatus for use at user equipment in Figure 1;

Figure 3 illustrates an example of apparatus for use at eNodeBs in Figure 1;

10 Figures 4 to 6 illustrate three different examples of operation sequences at UE and eNB according to an embodiment of the present invention.

Embodiments of the invention are described in detail below, by way of example only, in the context of a cellular network
15 capable of operating in accordance with the 3GPP Long Term Evolution (LTE) standard, which was first specified in the Release 8 document series of the 3rd Generation Partnership Project (3GPP), and enhancements of which are specified in the Release 9 and 10 document series.

20 Furthermore, embodiment of the inventions are described below for the example of a multimedia broadcast/multicast service (MBMS), but the same techniques are also applicable to other services provided by a cellular network, particularly other services that involve downlink transmissions without any
25 uplink HARQ feedback or RLC status reports.

A multimedia broadcast service involves making data transmissions that can be decoded by any network subscriber in the transmission coverage area. A multimedia multicast service also involves making transmissions that can be
30 decoded by a plurality of users in the transmission coverage area, but only those users that have subscribed to the service and have joined the multicast group associated with the service. Both are unidirectional services; they do not involve the uplink transmission of HARQ feedback or RLC
35 status reports.

Examples of multimedia content are text, audio, picture and video.

Figure 1 illustrates an example of a system for providing MBMS to a communication device via a cellular network. The

cellular network comprises an array of eNodeBs (eNBs) 2 having overlapping coverage areas (cells) 4. Only three eNBs 2 and nine cells 4 are shown in Figure 1, but a mobile telecommunication network will typically comprise tens of thousands of cells and a correspondingly large number of eNBs.

Each eNB 2 is connected to a serving gateway (not shown) which routes and forwards user data packets, and functions as a mobility anchor during handovers between cells of different eNBs. The serving gateway is connected to a packet data network gateway (not shown), which provides connectivity to external data packet networks.

For the provision of MBMS, each eNB 2 is also connected to a MBMS gateway 12 (only one such connection is shown in Figure 1, but all eNBs 2 are similarly connected to the MBMS gateway 12). The MBMS GW 12 is itself connected to a Broadcast/Multicast Service Centre (BM-SC) 14, and the BM-SC 14 can receive content from external content providers 16. The connections between the MBMS gateway 12 and the eNBs 2 are used to provide M1 user-plane links of the kind defined at Section 15.1 of 3GPP TS36.300 V10.5.0.

Figure 1 also illustrates the control plane links (M2 and M3 links also defined at Section 15.1 of 3GPP TS36.300 V10.5.0) between the eNBs 2 and a Multi-cell/multicast coordination entity (MCE) 10, and between the MCE 10 and the MBMS GW 12.

The MCE 10 functions to allocate radio resources (time-frequency resources) for multi-cell MBMS transmissions, and performs scheduling for the radio interface between the eNBs 2 and UEs 8. The MCE 10 can be integrated as part of an eNB, in which case the M2 link is an internal eNB link. The MBMS-GW 12 is the point of entry for multicast/broadcast data packets. It functions to broadcast the data packets to all eNBs 2. MBMS GW 12 is also responsible for MBMS session management, such as deciding the start and stop times for a MBMS session. The BMSC 14 controls provision of the MBMS service to the end user. The SGmb interface between the BMSC and MBMS GW is a control interface that supports MBMS bearer signalling for setting up and releasing context when establishing and terminating a MBMS session. The SGi-mb interface supports the MBMS user plane.

Figure 2 shows a schematic view of an example of user equipment 8 that may be used for communicating with the eNBs 2 of Figure 1 via a wireless interface. The user equipment (UE) 8 may be used for various tasks such as making and receiving phone calls, for receiving and sending data from and to a data network and for experiencing, for example, multimedia or other content.

The UE 8 may be any device capable of at least sending or receiving radio signals to or from the eNBs 2 of Figure 1. Non-limiting examples include a mobile station (MS), a portable computer provided with a wireless interface card or other wireless interface facility, personal data assistant (PDA) provided with wireless communication capabilities, or any combinations of these or the like. The UE 8 may communicate via an appropriate radio interface arrangement 205 of the UE 8. The interface arrangement may be provided for example by means of a radio part and associated antenna arrangement. The antenna arrangement may be arranged internally or externally to the UE 8.

The UE 8 may be provided with at least one data processing entity 203 and at least one memory or data storage entity 217 for use in tasks it is designed to perform. The data processor 213 and memory 217 may be provided on an appropriate circuit board and/or in chipsets.

The user may control the operation of the UE 8 by means of a suitable user interface such as key pad 201, voice commands, touch sensitive screen or pad, combinations thereof or the like. A display 215, a speaker and a microphone may also be provided. Furthermore, the UE 8 may comprise appropriate connectors (either wired or wireless) to other devices and/or for connecting external accessories, for example hands-free equipment, thereto.

Figure 3 shows an example of apparatus for use at the eNBs 2 of Figure 1 and for serving the cell 4 in which UE 8 is located. The apparatus comprises a radio frequency antenna array 301 configured to receive and transmit radio frequency signals; radio frequency interface circuitry 303 configured to interface the radio frequency signals received and transmitted by the antenna 301 and the data processor 306.

The radio frequency interface circuitry 303 may also be known as a transceiver. The apparatus also comprises an interface 309 via which, for example, it can communicate with MCE 10

and MBMS-GW 12. The data processor 306 is configured to process signals from the radio frequency interface circuitry 303, control the radio frequency interface circuitry 303 to generate suitable RF signals to communicate information to the UE 6 via the wireless communications link, and also to exchange information with other network nodes via the interface 309. The memory 307 is used for storing data, parameters and instructions for use by the data processor 306.

It would be appreciated that the apparatus shown in each of figures 2 and 3 described above may comprise further elements which are not directly involved with the embodiments of the invention described hereafter.

Figures 4 to 6 illustrate different sequences of operations at eNB 2 and UE 8 in accordance with an embodiment of the invention.

In each of Figures 4 to 6, eNB 2 transmits a configuration message to one or more UEs 2 in one of the eNB's three cells 4a, 4b, 4c. This configuration message could, for example, take the form of system information broadcast by eNB 2, or it could take the form of one or more dedicated messages to respective selected UEs 8. eNB 2 may, for example, send a dedicated configuration message to only one or more UEs 8 that it knows from location information to be in a region for which the network desires information about system performance.

The one or more UEs recognize the configuration message as a request to report quality-of-service (QoS) information about the results of decoding attempts for each MBMS service that it receives. A MBMS service is identified by a temporary mobile group identifier included in the control channel (MBMS point-to-multipoint Control CHannel (MCCH)) associated with the data transmissions for that service.

The above-mentioned configuration message specifies the kind of QoS information that a UE 8 should report to the access network for each MBMS service that it receives. The QoS information for a MBMS could comprise information about the Transport Block loss rate (BLER at HARQ level) for that service, and/or information about the RLC SDU (service data unit) loss rate or the RLC PDU (packet data unit) loss rate

for that service, which loss rate can be assessed from gaps in received sequence numbers.

The above-mentioned configuration message also specifies the format of the report of QoS information to the access
5 network. Examples of formats include: (i) the average value of a QoS parameter (such as BLER or RLC SDU loss rate) over a specified period of time; (ii) a breakdown of the average value of a QoS parameter over a specified period of time into respective average values for each cell that the UE
10 visits during said specified period of time; and (iii) the values of a QoS parameter and respective UE location information at periodic intervals.

The above-mentioned configuration message could specify that the UE 8 should provide one or more QoS reports relating to a
15 MBMS service for one of the following durations: the entire duration of the MBMS session; or only for a period of time decided by the network; or only for the period time that UE 8 receives the MBMS whilst in a particular cell or set of cells specified by the network.

20 The above-mentioned configuration message could specify that the UE 8 only records and reports incidences of QoS information meeting criteria specified by the network.

Figure 4 illustrates an example of a sequence of operations for a scenario in which a UE happens to be in a RRC Connected
25 mode when a MBMS session starts and remains in a RRC Connected mode for the entire duration of the MBMS session.

A MBMS session happens to begin (STEP 404) after eNB 2 transmits (STEP 402) to UE 8 the above-mentioned configuration message that UE 8 recognises as a request to
30 report quality-of-service (QoS) information about the results of decoding attempts for each MBMS that it receives. The MBMS session is identified by a TMGI included in the MCCH associated with the data transmissions for the MBMS session.

UE 8 transmits one or more reports to eNB 2 of QoS
35 information for this MBMS (STEPS 406 and 408) in accordance with the instructions included in the above-mentioned configuration message received from eNB 2.

After the MBMS session ends (STEP 410), UE 8 optionally sends a further report of the average value of a QoS parameter for
40 the duration of the MBMS session (STEP 412).

Figure 5 illustrates an example of a sequence of operations for a scenario in which a UE happens to be in RRC Idle mode when a MBMS session starts and remains in RRC Idle mode for the entire duration of the MBMS session.

- 5 UE 8 enters IDLE mode (STEP 504) after receiving (STEP 502) the above-mentioned configuration message that UE 8 recognises as a request to report quality-of-service (QoS) information about the results of decoding attempts for each MBMS that it subsequently receives.
- 10 A MBMS session (as identified by a TMGI included in the MCCH associated with the data transmissions for the MBMS session) happens to begin (STEP 506) after UE 8 enters IDLE mode (STEP 504). UE 8 can decode the MBMS transmissions (and thereby present the MBMS session to the user) whilst in IDLE mode,
- 15 but it cannot send reports of QoS information for that MBMS session when in IDLE mode. However, UE 8 records QoS information about the MBMS session in accordance with the instructions in the above-mentioned configuration message from eNB 2. When UE 8 later happens to next enter a RRC
- 20 Connected mode (STEP 512) after the end of the MBMS session (STEP 510), eNB 2 fetches (STEP 514) from UE 8 the QoS information for this MBMS recorded (STEP 508) in accordance with the instructions included in the above-mentioned configuration message received from eNB 2.
- 25 Figure 6 illustrates an example of a sequence of operations for a scenario in which a UE happens to be in a RRC Connected mode when a MBMS session starts but switches to IDLE mode before the MBMS session ends.
- eNB 2 transmits (STEP 602) the above-mentioned configuration
- 30 message that UE 2 recognises as a request to report quality-of-service (QoS) information about the results of decoding attempts for each MBMS that it receives. After receiving this configuration message, UE 8 happens to be in a RRC Connected Mode, when a MBMS session happens to begin (STEP
- 35 604). This MBMS session is identified by a TMGI included in the MCCH associated with the data transmissions for the MBMS session.
- UE 8 transmits one or more reports to eNB 2 of QoS information for this MBMS session (STEPS 606 and 608) in
- 40 accordance with the instructions included in the above-mentioned configuration message.

Before the MBMS session ends (STEP 614), UE 8 happens to switch to IDLE mode (STEP 610). As mentioned above in relation to Figure 5, UE 8 can continue to decode the MBMS transmissions (and thereby present the MBMS session to the user) after the switch to IDLE mode, but it cannot send reports of QoS information for that MBMS session when in IDLE mode. UE 8 continues to record QoS information about the MBMS session in accordance with the instructions in the above-mentioned configuration message from eNB 2 (STEP 612).
10 When UE 8 later happens to next enter a RRC Connected mode (STEP 616) after the end of the MBMS session (STEP 614), eNB 2 fetches (STEP 618) from UE 8 the QoS information recorded by UE 8 for this MBMS (STEP 612) in accordance with the instructions included in the above-mentioned configuration
15 message received from eNB 2.

In both Figure 5 and Figure 6, the step of fetching QoS information from UE 8 (STEP 514 of Figure 5 and STEP 618 of Figure 6) could comprise the following sub-steps: (i) UE 8 first transmits an indicator to eNB 2 to indicate the
20 availability of an MBMS report; (ii) in response to this indicator from UE 8, eNB 2 requests UE 8 to transmit the report; and (iii) in response to this request from eNB 2, UE 8 transmits the report to UE 8.

In each of these three examples, the eNB 2 can use for the configuration message transmitted by eNB 2 the kind of configuration message (e.g. RRCConnectionReconfiguration or
25 LoggedMeasurementConfiguration) described in 3GPP TS 36.331 and 3GPP 37.320 for instructing UEs to provide reports about detected reference signals for the purpose of MDT
30 (Minimization of Drive Tests).

If a connection failure happens whilst UE 8 has QoS information to report for a specific MBMS session, the QoS information could be included in the RLF (Radio Link Failure) message that is already used for other purposes.

35 Where UE 8 happens to receive one or more further MBMS sessions (each identifiable by respective TGMI in the MCCH) during the reporting period specified in the configuration message from eNB2, UE 8 could, according to one example, send separate reports for each MBMS session.

40 The above-described operations may require data processing in the various entities. The data processing may be provided by

means of one or more data processors. Similarly various entities described in the above embodiments may be implemented within a single or a plurality of data processing entities and/or data processors. Appropriately adapted
5 computer program code product may be used for implementing the embodiments, when loaded to a computer. The program code product for providing the operation may be stored on and provided by means of a carrier medium such as a carrier disc, card or tape. A possibility is to download the program code
10 product via a data network. Implementation may be provided with appropriate software in a server.

For example the embodiments of the invention may be implemented as a chipset, in other words a series of integrated circuits communicating among each other. The
15 chipset may comprise microprocessors arranged to run code, application specific integrated circuits (ASICs), or programmable digital signal processors for performing the operations described above.

Embodiments of the invention may be practiced in various components such as integrated circuit modules. The design of
20 integrated circuits is by and large a highly automated process. Complex and powerful software tools are available for converting a logic level design into a semiconductor circuit design ready to be etched and formed on a
25 semiconductor substrate.

Programs, such as those provided by Synopsys, Inc. of Mountain View, California and Cadence Design, of San Jose, California automatically route conductors and locate components on a semiconductor chip using well established
30 rules of design as well as libraries of pre stored design modules. Once the design for a semiconductor circuit has been completed, the resultant design, in a standardized electronic format (e.g., Opus, GDSII, or the like) may be transmitted to a semiconductor fabrication facility or "fab" for
35 fabrication.

In addition to the modifications explicitly mentioned above, it will be evident to a person skilled in the art that various other modifications of the described embodiment may be made within the scope of the invention.

40

CLAIMS

1. A method, comprising: transmitting from an access node of an access network an instruction to transmit one or more decoding performance reports relating exclusively to a specific type of service, which decoding performance report comprises information about the result of one or more attempts to decode at a communication device one or more transmissions via which said specific type of service is provided.
2. A method according to claim 1, wherein said specific type of service is a multimedia broadcast/multicast service.
3. A method according to claim 1 or claim 2, wherein said decoding performance report relates exclusively to transmissions for which a common service identifier is specified in associated control signalling.
4. A method according to claim 3, wherein said service identifier is a temporary mobile group identifier.
5. A method according to any of claims 1 to 4, wherein said decoding performance report comprises information about the rate of loss of transport blocks.
6. A method according to any of claims 1 to 5, wherein said decoding performance report comprises information about the rate of loss of radio link control service data units or rate of loss of radio link control packet data units.
7. A method according to any preceding claim, further comprising transmitting from said access node configuration information for configuring said decoding result report.
8. A method according to claim 7, wherein said configuration information specifies reporting an average result over a specified duration of a plurality of attempts to decode transmissions relating to said specific type of service.
9. A method according to claim 8, wherein said specified duration comprises one of the following: the entire duration of a session of the specific type of service; a length of time decided by the access network; a length of time that the communication device remains in one or more cells specified by the access network.

10. A method according to claim 8 or claim 9, wherein said communication device attempts to decode transmissions relating to said specific type of service in a plurality of cells of said radio access network, and said configuration information specifies reporting a plurality of respective average results over said specified duration for each of said plurality of cells.
11. A method according to claim 7, wherein said configuration information specifies selectively reporting the result of one or more decoding attempts at periodic intervals.
12. A method according to any of claims 7 to 10 wherein said configuration information specifies reporting only decoding attempt results that meet predetermined criteria.
13. A method, comprising: in response to receiving at a communication device an instruction from an access network to transmit one or more decoding performance reports relating exclusively to a specific type of service, transmitting one or more decoding performance reports from said communication device to said access network, which decoding performance report comprises information about the result of one or more attempts to decode at said communication device one or more transmissions via which said specific type of service is provided.
14. A method according to claim 13, wherein said specific type of service is a multimedia broadcast/multicast service.
15. A method according to claim 13 or claim 14, wherein said decoding performance report relates exclusively to transmissions for which a common service identifier is specified in associated control signalling.
16. A method according to claim 15, wherein said service identifier is a temporary mobile group identifier.
17. A method according to any of claims 13 to 16, wherein said decoding performance report comprises information about the rate of loss of transport blocks.
18. A method according to any of claims 13 to 17, wherein said decoding performance report comprises information about the rate of loss of radio link control service data units or rate of loss of radio link control packet data units.

19. A method according to any of claims 13 to 18, further comprising configuring said decoding performance report according to report configuration information received from said access network.
- 5 20. A method according to any of claims 13 to 19, wherein said decoding performance report specifies an average result over a specified duration of a plurality of attempts to decode transmissions relating to said specific type of service.
- 10 21. A method according to claim 20, wherein said specified duration comprises one of the following: the entire duration of a session of the specific type of service; a length of time decided by the access network; the length of time that the communication device remains in one or more cells
- 15 specified by the access network.
22. A method according to claim 20 or claim 21, comprising attempting to decode transmissions relating to said specific type of service in a plurality of cells of said radio access network; and wherein said decoding performance report
- 20 specifies reporting a plurality of respective average results over said specified duration for each of said plurality of cells.
23. A method according to any of claims 13 to 19, wherein said decoding performance report selectively includes
- 25 information about the result of one or more decoding attempts at periodic intervals.
24. A method according to any of claims 13 to 19, wherein said decoding performance report selectively includes information about decoding attempt results that meet
- 30 predetermined criteria.
25. An apparatus comprising: a processor and memory including computer program code, wherein the memory and computer program code are configured to, with the processor, cause the apparatus to: transmit from an access node of an
- 35 access network an instruction to transmit one or more decoding performance reports relating exclusively to a specific type of service, which decoding performance report comprises information about the result of one or more attempts to decode at a communication device one or more

transmissions via which said specific type of service is provided.

26. An apparatus according to claim 25, wherein said specific type of service is a multimedia broadcast/multicast service.

27. An apparatus according to claim 25 or claim 26, wherein said decoding performance report relates exclusively to transmissions for which a common service identifier is specified in associated control signalling.

28. An apparatus according to claim 27, wherein said service identifier is a temporary mobile group identifier.

29. An apparatus according to any of claims 25 to 28, wherein said decoding performance report comprises information about the rate of loss of transport blocks.

30. An apparatus according to any of claims 25 to 29, wherein said decoding performance report comprises information about the rate of loss of radio link control service data units or rate of loss of radio link control packet data units.

31. An apparatus according to any of claims 25 to 30, wherein the memory and computer program code are further configured to, with the processor, cause the apparatus to: transmit from said access node configuration information for configuring said decoding result report.

32. An apparatus according to claim 31, wherein said configuration information specifies reporting an average result over a specified duration of a plurality of attempts to decode transmissions relating to said specific type of service.

33. An apparatus according to claim 32, wherein said specified duration comprises one of the following: the entire duration of a session of the specific type of service; a length of time decided by the access network; a length of time that the communication device remains in one or more cells specified by the access network.

34. An apparatus according to claim 32 or claim 33, wherein said communication device attempts to decode transmissions relating to said specific type of service in a plurality of cells of said radio access network, and said configuration

information specifies reporting a plurality of respective average results over said specified duration for each of said plurality of cells.

35. An apparatus according to claim 31, wherein said
5 configuration information specifies selectively reporting the result of one or more decoding attempts at periodic intervals.

36. An apparatus according to any of claims 31 to 34 wherein
10 said configuration information specifies reporting only decoding attempt results that meet predetermined criteria.

37. An apparatus comprising: a processor and memory
including computer program code, wherein the memory and
computer program code are configured to, with the processor,
cause the apparatus to: in response to receiving at a
15 communication device an instruction from an access network to transmit one or more decoding performance reports relating exclusively to a specific type of service, transmit one or more decoding performance reports from said communication device to said access network, which decoding performance
20 report comprises information about the result of one or more attempts to decode at said communication device one or more transmissions via which said specific type of service is provided.

38. An apparatus according to claim 37, wherein said
25 specific type of service is a multimedia broadcast/multicast service.

39. An apparatus according to claim 37 or claim 38, wherein
said decoding performance report relates exclusively to
transmissions for which a common service identifier is
30 specified in associated control signalling.

40. An apparatus according to claim 39, wherein said service
identifier is a temporary mobile group identifier.

41. An apparatus according to any of claims 37 to 40,
wherein said decoding performance report comprises
35 information about the rate of loss of transport blocks.

42. An apparatus according to any of claims 37 to 41,
wherein said decoding performance report comprises
information about the rate of loss of radio link control

service data units or rate of loss of radio link control packet data units.

43. An apparatus according to any of claims 37 to 42, wherein the memory and computer program code are further
5 configured to, with the processor, cause the apparatus to: configure said decoding performance report according to report configuration information received from said access network.

44. An apparatus according to any of claims 37 to 43,
10 wherein said decoding performance report specifies an average result over a specified duration of a plurality of attempts to decode transmissions relating to said specific type of service.

45. An apparatus according to claim 44, wherein said
15 specified duration comprises one of the following: the entire duration of a session of the specific type of service; a length of time decided by the access network; the length of time that the communication device remains in one or more cells specified by the access network.

46. An apparatus according to claim 44 or claim 45, wherein
20 the memory and computer program code are further configured to, with the processor, cause the apparatus to: attempt to decode transmissions relating to said specific type of service in a plurality of cells of said radio access network;
25 and wherein said decoding performance report specifies reporting a plurality of respective average results over said specified duration for each of said plurality of cells.

47. An apparatus according to any of claims 37 to 43,
30 wherein said decoding performance report selectively includes information about the result of one or more decoding attempts at periodic intervals.

48. An apparatus according to any of claims 37 to 43,
wherein said decoding performance report selectively includes
35 information about decoding attempt results that meet predetermined criteria.

49. A computer program product comprising program code means
which when loaded into a computer controls the computer to:
transmit from an access node of an access network an
instruction to transmit one or more decoding performance
40 reports relating exclusively to a specific type of service,

which decoding performance report comprises information about the result of one or more attempts to decode at a communication device one or more transmissions via which said specific type of service is provided.

- 5 50. A computer program product comprising program code means which when loaded into a computer controls the computer to:
in response to receiving at a communication device an
instruction from an access network to transmit one or more
decoding performance reports relating exclusively to a
10 specific type of service, transmit one or more decoding
performance reports from said communication device to said
access network, which decoding performance report comprises
information about the result of one or more attempts to
decode at said communication device one or more transmissions
15 via which said specific type of service is provided.